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# neuro Sdk Documentation

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**Neu.ro Inc.**

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A Python library for the Neuro Platform API.



## INSTALLATION

The latest stable release is available on [PyPI](#). Either add `neuro-sdk` to your `requirements.txt` or install with `pip`:

```
$ pip install -U neuro-sdk
```





## GETTING STARTED

To start working with the Neuro Platform you need to login first. The easiest way to do it is the using of *CLI* utility:

```
$ neuro login
```

After the login a configuration file is created and it can be read later.

Use *neuro\_sdk.get()* for initializing client instance from existing configuration file:

```
import neuro_sdk

async with neuro_sdk.get() as client:
    async with client.jobs.list() as job_iter:
        jobs = [job async for job in job_iter]
```

The example above instantiates a *client* object in *async context manager* and fetches a list of user's jobs. On exit from *async with* statement the *client* object is closed and is not available for future calls.

See *Usage* section for ideas how typical operations can be done with Neu.ro platform. *Reference* section contains the full API reference for all API classes, functions etc.



## CONTENTS

### 3.1 Usage

#### 3.1.1 Jobs Usage

Use Jobs API (available as `Client.jobs`) for starting a job, killing it, getting list of running jobs etc. This chapter describes several common scenarios.

Here we describe the most common scenarios, see *Jobs API Reference* for the full list of job namespace methods.

##### Start a Job

To start a job use `Jobs.start()` method.

The method accepts image and required resources preset name as parameters and returns `JobDescription` with information about started job:

```
from neuro_sdk import get

async with get() as client:
    job = await client.jobs.start(
        image=client.parse.remote_image("ubuntu:latest"),
        preset_name="cpu-small",
        command="sleep 30",
    )
```

The example above starts a job using `ubuntu:latest` public image, `cpu-small` resources preset and executes `sleep 30` command inside started container.

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**Note:** After return from the call a new job is *scheduled* for execution but usually it's status is *pending*. The Neuro Platform takes time for preparing resources for a job, pulling image from registry etc. Startup time can vary from seconds for *hot start* to minutes for *cold* one.

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## Check Job Status

After spawning a job we have `JobDescription` instance that describes job status (and other things like executed command line).

A job takes time for deployment, it can be terminated by different reasons, e.g. requested image name doesn't exist.

The following snippet waits for job's *starting execution* or *failure*:

```
# job is a JobDescription given by former client.job.run() call

while True:
    job = await client.jobs.status(job.id)
    if job.status in (JobStatus.RUNNING, JobStatus.SUCCEEDED):
        break
    elif job.status == JobStatus.FAILED:
        raise RuntimeError(f"Job {job.id} failed with {job.reason}:"
                           f"{job.history.description}")
    else:
        await asyncio.sleep(1)
```

## Mount Neuro Storage folders

The Neuro Platform provides access to Neuro storage (`storage://`) by *mounted folders* inside a container (*volumes* in [Docker](#) glossary).

If you have a directory `storage: folder` and want to mount it inside a container under `/var/data` path please create a *Volume* and use it in *Container* definition:

```
from yarl import URL

volume = Volume(
    storage_uri=URL("storage:folder"),
    container_path="/mnt/data",
)

job = await client.jobs.run(
    Container(
        image=client.parse.remote_image("ubuntu:latest"),
        resources=Resources(memory_mb=100, cpu=0.5),
        command="sleep 30",
        volumes=[volume],
    )
)
```

There is a parsing helper that can construct a *Volume* instance from a string in format that is used in *CLI*:

```
volume = client.parse.volume("storage:folder:/var/data")
```

To specify *read-only* mount point please pass `read_only=True` to *Volume* constructor, e.g. the following code mounts public shared `storage://neuro/public` folder in read-only mode:

```
public_volume = Volume(
    storage_uri=URL("storage:neuro/public"),
```

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```

    container_path="/mnt/public",
    read_only=True,
)

```

The same effect can be achieved by using a parser API:

```

public_volume = client.parse.volume(
    "storage:neuro/public:/mnt/public:ro")

```

Pass a list of *volumes* into container to support multiple mount points:

```

Container(
    image=...,
    resources=...,
    command=...,
    volumes=[volume, public_volume],
)

```

#### See also:

[Storage Usage](#) for the storage manipulation API.

## Kill a Job

Use `Jobs.kill()` for enforcing job to stop:

```

await client.jobs.kill(job.id)

```

## Expose job's TCP ports locally

Sometimes there is a need to access TCP endpoints exposed by a job executed on the Neuro Platform from local workstation.

For example, you've started a gRPC server inside a container on TCP port 12345 and want to access this service from your laptop.

You need to bridge this *remote* 12345 port into a local TCP namespace (e.g. 23456 *local* port by `Jobs.port_forward()` method:

```

from grpclib.client import Channel

# generated by protoc
from .helloworld_pb2 import HelloRequest, HelloReply
from .helloworld_grpc import GreeterStub

async with client.jobs.port_forward(job.id, 23456, 12345):
    # open gRPC client and use it

    channel = Channel('127.0.0.1', 23456)
    greeter = GreeterStub(channel)

    reply: HelloReply = await greeter.SayHello(HelloRequest(name='Dr. Strange'))

```

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```
print(reply.message)

channel.close()
```

The example uses `grpc` library for make client gRPC requests.

## Job preemption

Job preemption means that unlike normal jobs preemptible ones can be stopped by kernel when the system has lack of resources and restarted later. All memory and local disk changes are lost but data written to the Neuro Storage (see *Mount Neuro Storage folders*) is persistent.

To support preemption job's code should be organized in the following way: it dumps *snapshots* on disk periodically. On restart the code checks for last saved snapshot and continues the work from this point.

AI frameworks usually supports snapshots out of the box, see [saving and loading models in pytorch](#) or [Keras ModelCheckpoint](#).

Preemptible job is not such convenient as regular job but it's computational time is much cheaper (exact numbers varies on concrete computational cluster provides, e.g. Google Compute, AWS or Azure).

Jobs are *non-preemptible* by default, you can change this by passing `preemptible_node=True` flag to `Jobs.run()`.

## 3.1.2 Storage Usage

Use Storage API (available as `Client.storage`) for uploading files to the Neu.ro Storage and downloading them back. This chapter describes several common scenarios like uploading / downloading directories recursively.

There are many methods in `Storage` namespace, here we describe a few.

Blob Storage API (available as `Client.blob_storage`) is another subsystem, which has a similar Upload/Download interface as methods shown below. Please refer to BlobStorage documentation for more details.

## Upload a Folder

Use `Storage.upload_dir()` to upload a local directory on the Neuro Storage:

```
from neuro_sdk import get
from yarl import URL

async with get() as client:
    await client.storage.upload_dir(
        URL("file:local_folder"),
        URL("storage:remote_folder"),
    )
```

The example above recursively uploads all files and directories `./local_folder` to `storage://<username>/remote_folder`.

Use `update=True` flag to upload only files that are newer than are present on the Storage:

```
await client.storage.upload_dir(
    URL("file:local_folder"),
    URL("storage:remote_folder"),
    update=True,
)
```

## Download a Folder

Use `Storage.download_dir()` for downloading data from the Neuro Storage to local disk.

The method is a counterpart to `Storage.upload_dir()` and has the same arguments:

```
await client.storage.download_dir(
    URL("storage:remote_folder"),
    URL("file:local_folder"),
)
```

The example above recursively downloads files and directories from `storage:remote_folder` to `./local_folder`.

## 3.2 Reference

### 3.2.1 Initialization

#### API functions

**async-with** `neuro_sdk.get(*, path: Optional[Path] = None, timeout: aiohttp.ClientTimeout = DEFAULT_TIMEOUT) → AsyncContextManager[Client]`

The handy API for getting initialized `Client` instance.

A shortcut for `Factory.get()` that acts as asynchronous context manager.

The usage is:

```
async with neuro_sdk.get() as client:
    async with client.jobs.list() as jobs:
        async for job in jobs:
            print(job.id)
```

See `Factory.get()` for optional function arguments meaning.

**coroutine** `neuro_sdk.login(show_browser_cb: Callable[[URL], Awaitable[None]], *, url: URL = DEFAULT_API_URL, path: Optional[Path] = None, timeout: aiohttp.ClientTimeout = DEFAULT_TIMEOUT) → None`

A shortcut for `Factory.login()`. See the method for details.

**coroutine** `neuro_sdk.login_with_headless(get_auth_code_cb: Callable[[URL], Awaitable[str]], *, url: URL = DEFAULT_API_URL, path: Optional[Path] = None, timeout: aiohttp.ClientTimeout = DEFAULT_TIMEOUT) → None`

A shortcut for `Factory.login_headless()`. See the method for details.

```
coroutine neuro_sdk.login_with_token(token: str, *, url: URL = DEFAULT_API_URL, path:
Optional[Path] = None, timeout: aiohttp.ClientTimeout =
DEFAULT_TIMEOUT) → None
```

A shortcut for `Factory.login_with_token()`. See the method for details.

```
coroutine neuro_sdk.logout(*, path: Optional[Path] = None, show_browser_cb: Callable[[URL],
Awaitable[None]] = None) → None
```

A shortcut for `Factory.logout()`. See the method for details.

## Config Factory

```
class neuro_sdk.Factory(path: Optional[Path])
```

A *factory* that used for making `Client` instances, logging into Neuro Platform and logging out.

*path* (`pathlib.Path`) can be provided for pointing on a *custom* configuration directory (~/.nmrc by default). The default value can be overridden by NEUROMATION\_CONFIG environment variable.

### path

Revealed path to the configuration directory, expanded as described above.

Read-only `pathlib.Path` property.

New in version 20.2.25.

### is\_config\_present

True if config files are present under *path*, False otherwise.

Read-only `bool` property.

```
coroutine get(*, timeout: aiohttp.ClientTimeout = DEFAULT_TIMEOUT) → Client
```

Read configuration previously created by *login methods* and return a client instance. Update authorization token if needed.

The easiest way to create required configuration file is running `neuro login CLI` command before the first call of this method from a user code.

### Parameters

**timeout** (`aiohttp.ClientTimeout`) – optional timeout for HTTP operations, see also *Timeouts*.

### Returns

`Client` that can be used for working with Neuro Platform.

### Raise

`ConfigError` if configuration file doesn't exist, malformed or not compatible with SDK version.

```
coroutine login(show_browser_cb: Callable[[URL], Awaitable[None]], *, url: URL =
DEFAULT_API_URL, timeout: aiohttp.ClientTimeout = DEFAULT_TIMEOUT) → None
```

Log into Neuro Platform using in-browser authorization method.

The method is dedicated for login from workstation with GUI system. For logging in from server please use `login_headless()`.

The caller provides *show\_browser\_cb* callback which is called with URL argument.

The callback should open a browser with this URL (`webbrowser.open()` can be used).

After the call the configuration file is created, call `get()` for making a client and performing Neuro Platform operations.



### Parameters

- **show\_browser\_cb** – a callback that should open a browser with specified URL for handling authorization.
- **url** (*URL*) – Neuro Platform API URL, URL("https://staging.neu.ro/api/v1") by default.
- **timeout** (*aiohttp.ClientTimeout*) – optional timeout for HTTP operations, see also *Timeouts*.

**coroutine login\_headless**(*get\_auth\_code\_cb: Callable[[URL], Awaitable[str]]*, \*, *url: URL = DEFAULT\_API\_URL*, *timeout: aiohttp.ClientTimeout = DEFAULT\_TIMEOUT*) → *None*

Log into Neuro Platform using two-step authorization method.

The method is dedicated for login from remote server that has no GUI system. For logging in from GUI equipped workstation please use [login\(\)](#).

The caller provides *get\_auth\_code\_cb* callback which is called with URL argument.

Usually, the callback prints given URL on screen and displays a prompt.

User copies the URL from remote terminal session into local browser, authorizes and enters authorization code shown in the browser back into prompt.

After the call the configuration file is created, call [get\(\)](#) for making a client and performing Neuro Platform operations.

### Parameters

- **get\_auth\_code\_cb** – a callback that receives an URL and returns authorization code.
- **url** (*URL*) – Neuro Platform API URL, URL("https://staging.neu.ro/api/v1") by default.
- **timeout** (*aiohttp.ClientTimeout*) – optional timeout for HTTP operations, see also *Timeouts*.

**coroutine login\_with\_token**(*token: str*, \*, *url: URL = DEFAULT\_API\_URL*, *timeout: aiohttp.ClientTimeout = DEFAULT\_TIMEOUT*) → *None*

Log into Neuro Platform using previously acquired token. The method is deprecated and not recommended to use. Provided tokens will be revoked eventually.

### Parameters

- **token** (*str*) – authorization token.
- **url** (*URL*) – Neuro Platform API URL, URL("https://staging.neu.ro/api/v1") by default.
- **timeout** (*aiohttp.ClientTimeout*) – optional timeout for HTTP operations, see also *Timeouts*.

**coroutine login\_with\_passed\_config**(*config\_data: Optional[str] = None*, \*, *timeout: aiohttp.ClientTimeout = DEFAULT\_TIMEOUT*) → *None*

Log into Neuro Platform using config data passed by platform. Use this only to login from the job that was started with `pass_config=True`. Inside such job, *config\_data* is available under `NEURO_PASSED_CONFIG` environment variable.

### Parameters

- **config\_data** (*str*) – config data passed by platform.

- **timeout** ([`aiohttp.ClientTimeout`](#)) – optional timeout for HTTP operations, see also [\*Timeouts\*](#).

**coroutine** **logout** (*show\_browser\_cb*: [`Callable\[\[URL\], Awaitable\[None\]\]`](#) = *None*)

Log out from Neuro Platform. In case *show\_browser\_cb* callback passed, the browser will be opened to remove session cookie.

**Parameters**

**show\_browser\_cb** – a callback that should open a browser with specified URL for handling authorization.

## Timeouts

By default the SDK raises [`asyncio.TimeoutError`](#) if the server doesn't respond in a minute. It can be overridden by passing *timeout* argument to [\*Factory\*](#) methods.

### 3.2.2 Client class

**class** `neuro_sdk.Client`

Neuro Platform client.

For creating a client instance use [\*Factory\*](#) or [\*get\(\)\*](#).

The class provides access to Neu.ro subsystems like *jobs* or *storage*.

**username**

User name used for working with Neuro Platform, read-only [`str`](#).

**presets**

A [`typing.Mapping`](#) of preset name ([`str`](#)) to [\*Preset\*](#) dataclass.

Presets are loaded from server on login.

**config**

Configuration subsystem, see [\*Config\*](#) for details.

**jobs**

Jobs subsystem, see [\*Jobs\*](#) for details.

**storage**

Storage subsystem, see [\*Storage\*](#) for details.

**users**

Users subsystem, see [\*Users\*](#) for details.

**images**

Images subsystem, see [\*Images\*](#) for details.

**secrets**

Images subsystem, see [\*Secrets\*](#) for details.

**disks**

Images subsystem, see [\*Disks\*](#) for details.

**parse**

A set or helpers used for parsing different Neuro API definitions, see [\*Parser\*](#) for details.

**coroutine close()**

Close Neuro API client, all calls after closing are forbidden.

The method is idempotent.

**closed**

Is this client instance was closed, `bool`.

### 3.2.3 Configuration API Reference

#### API functions

`neuro_sdk.find_project_root(path: Optional[Path] = None) → Path`

Look for project root directory.

Folder is considered a project root when it contains `.neuro.toml`. Search begins at **path** or `Path.cwd()` (current working directory) when **path** is **None** and checks all parent folders sequentially. Will raise an `ConfigError` if search reaches root directory.

#### Config

##### **class** `neuro_sdk.Config`

Configuration subsystem, available as `Client.config`.

Use it for analyzing fetching information about the system configuration, e.g. a list of available clusters or switching the active cluster.

**username**

User name used for working with Neuro Platform, read-only `str`.

**presets**

A `typing.Mapping` of preset name (`str`) to `Preset` dataclass for the current cluster.

**clusters**

A `typing.Mapping` of cluster name (`str`) to `Cluster` dataclass for available clusters.

**cluster\_name**

The current cluster name, read-only `str`.

To switch on another cluster use `switch_cluster()`.

**org\_name**

The current org name, read-only `str`.

To switch on another org use `switch_org()`.

**coroutine** `fetch() → None`

Fetch available clusters configuration from the Neuro Platform.

---

**Note:** The call updates local configuration files.

---

**coroutine** `switch_cluster(name: str) → None`

Switch the current cluster to *name*.

---

**Note:** The call updates local configuration files.

---

**coroutine** `switch_org(name: str) → None`

Switch the current org to *name*.

---

**Note:** The call updates local configuration files.

---

#### Miscellaneous helpers

##### **api\_url**

The Neuro Platform URL, `yaml.URL`.

##### **registry\_url**

Docker Registry URL for the cluster, `yaml.URL`.

`Cluster.registry_url` for the current cluster.

##### **storage\_url**

Storage URL for the cluster, `yaml.URL`.

`Cluster.storage_url` for the current cluster.

##### **monitoring\_url**

Monitoring URL for the cluster, `yaml.URL`.

`Cluster.monitoring_url` for the current cluster.

**coroutine** `get_user_config() → Mapping[str, Any]`

Return user-provided config dictionary. Config is loaded from config files. There are two configuration files: **global** and **local**, both are optional and can be absent.

The global file is named `user.toml` and the API search for it in the path provided to `Factory` or `get()` (`$HOME/.neuro/user.toml` by default).

The local config file is named `.neuro.toml`, and the API search for this file starting from the current folder up to the root directory.

Found local and global configurations are merged. If a parameter is present in both global and local versions the local parameter takes precedence.

Configuration files have a TOML format (a stricter version of well-known INI format). See <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/TOML> and <https://github.com/toml-lang/toml#toml> for the format specification details.

The API will raise an `ConfigError` if configuration files contain unknown sections or parameters. Note that currently the API doesn't use any parameter from user config.

Known sections: **alias**, **job**, **storage**.

Section **alias** can have any subsections with any keys.

Section **job** can have following keys: **ps-format** - string, **life-span** - string.

Section **storage** can have following keys: **cp-exclude** - list of strings, **cp-exclude-from-files** - list of strings.

There is a plugin system that allows to register additional config parameters. To define a plugin, add a **neuro\_api** entrypoint (check <https://packaging.python.org/specifications/entry-points/> for more info about entry points). Entry point should be callable with single argument of type *PluginManager*.

New in version 20.01.15.

**coroutine token()** → *str*

*Bearer* token to log into the Neuro Platform.

The token expires after some period, the call automatically refreshes the token if needed.

## Cluster

**class neuro\_sdk.Cluster**

*Read-only* dataclass for describing a cluster configuration.

Clusters are loaded on login to the Neuro platform and updated on *Config.fetch()* call.

*Config.switch\_cluster()* changes the active cluster.

**name**

Cluster name, *str*.

**registry\_url**

Docker Registry URL for the cluster, *yaml.URL*.

**storage\_url**

Storage URL for the cluster, *yaml.URL*.

**users\_url**

Users URL for the cluster, *yaml.URL*.

**monitoring\_url**

Monitoring URL for the cluster, *yaml.URL*.

**presets**

A *typing.Mapping* of available job resource presets, keys are preset names (*str*), values are *Preset* objects.

## Preset

**class neuro\_sdk.Preset**

*Read-only* dataclass for describing a job configuration provided by Neuro Platform.

Presets list is loaded on login to the Neuro platform and depends on used cluster.

**cpu**

Requested number of CPUs, *float*. Please note, Docker supports fractions here, e.g. 0.5 CPU means a half or CPU on the target node.

**memory\_mb**

Requested memory amount in MegaBytes, *int*.

**is\_preemptible**

A flag that specifies is the job is *preemptible* or not, see *Preemption* for details.

**gpu**

The number of requested GPUs, `int`. Use `None` for jobs that doesn't require GPU.

**gpu\_model**

The name of requested GPU model, `str` (or `None` for job without GPUs).

**tpu\_type**

Requested TPU type, see also [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tensor\\_processing\\_unit](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tensor_processing_unit)

**tpu\_software\_version**

Requested TPU software version.

## 3.2.4 Jobs API Reference

### Jobs

**class** `neuro_sdk.Jobs`

Jobs subsystem, available as `Client.jobs`.

User can start new job, terminate it, get status, list running jobs etc.

**async-with** `attach(id: str, *, tty: bool = False, stdin: bool = False, stdout: bool = False, stderr: bool = False, cluster_name: Optional[str] = None) → AsyncContextManager[StdStream]`

Get access to standard input, output, and error streams of a running job.

**Parameters**

- `id (str)` – job `id` to use for command execution.
- `tty (bool)` – True if `tty` mode is requested, default is `False`.
- `stdin (bool)` – True to attach `stdin`, default is `False`.
- `stdout (bool)` – True to attach `stdout`, default is `False`.
- `stderr (bool)` – True to attach `stderr`, default is `False`.
- `cluster_name (str)` – cluster on which the job is running.

`None` means the current cluster (default).

**Returns**

Asynchronous context manager which can be used to access `stdin/stdout/stderr`, see `StdStream` for details.

**async-with** `exec(id: str, cmd: str, *, tty: bool = False, stdin: bool = False, stdout: bool = False, stderr: bool = False, cluster_name: Optional[str] = None) → AsyncContextManager[StdStream]`

Start an `exec` session, get access to session's standard input, output, and error streams.

**Parameters**

- `id (str)` – job `id` to use for command execution.
- `cmd (str)` – the command to execute.
- `tty (bool)` – True if `tty` mode is requested, default is `False`.
- `stdin (bool)` – True to attach `stdin`, default is `False`.
- `stdout (bool)` – True to attach `stdout`, default is `False`.
- `stderr (bool)` – True to attach `stderr`, default is `False`.

- **cluster\_name** (*str*) – cluster on which the job is running.

None means the current cluster (default).

#### Returns

Asynchronous context manager which can be used to access stdin/stdout/stderr, see [StdStream](#) for details.

**coroutine get\_capacity**(*\**, *cluster\_name: Optional[str] = None*) → Mapping[*str*, int]

Get counts of available job for specified cluster for each available preset.

The returned numbers reflect the remaining *cluster capacity*. In other words, it displays how many concurrent jobs for each preset can be started at the moment of the method call.

The returned capacity is an approximation, the real value can differ if already running jobs are finished or another user starts own jobs at the same time.

#### Parameters

**cluster\_name** (*str*) – cluster for which the request is performed.

None means the current cluster (default).

#### Returns

A mapping of *preset\_name* to *count*, where *count* is a number of concurrent jobs that can be executed using *preset\_name*.

**coroutine kill**(*id: str*) → None

Kill a job.

#### Parameters

**id** (*str*) – job *id* to kill.

**async-with async-for list**(*\**, *statuses: Iterable[JobStatus] = ()*, *name: Optional[str] = None*, *tags: Sequence[str] = ()*, *owners: Iterable[str] = ()*, *since: Optional[datetime] = None*, *until: Optional[datetime] = None*, *reverse: bool = False*, *limit: Optional[int] = None*, *cluster\_name: Optional[str] = None*) → AsyncContextManager[AsyncIterator[JobDescription]]

List user jobs, all scheduled, running and finished jobs by default.

#### Parameters

- **statuses** (*Iterable[JobStatus]*) – filter jobs by their statuses.

The parameter can be a set or list of requested statuses, e.g. {JobStatus.PENDING, JobStatus.RUNNING} can be used for requesting only scheduled and running job but skip finished and failed ones.

Empty sequence means that jobs with all statuses are returned (default behavior). The list can be pretty huge though.

- **name** (*str*) – Filter jobs by *name* (exact match).

Empty string or None means that no filter is applied (default).

- **tags** (*Sequence[str]*) – filter jobs by *tags*.

Retrieves only jobs submitted with all tags from the specified list.

Empty list means that no filter is applied (default).

- **owners** (*Iterable[str]*) – filter jobs by their owners.

The parameter can be a set or list of owner usernames (see [JobDescription.owner](#) for details).

No owners filter is applied if the iterable is empty.

- **since** (*datetime*) – filter jobs by their creation date.

Retrieves only jobs submitted after the specified date (including) if it is not `None`. If the parameter is a naive datetime object, it represents local time.

`None` means that no filter is applied (default).

- **until** (*datetime*) – filter jobs by their creation date.

Retrieves only jobs submitted before the specified date (including) if it is not `None`. If the parameter is a naive datetime object, it represents local time.

`None` means that no filter is applied (default).

- **reverse** (*bool*) – iterate jobs in the reverse order.

If *reverse* is false (default) the jobs are iterated in the order of their creation date, from earlier to later. If *reverse* is true, they are iterated in the reverse order, from later to earlier.

- **limit** (*int*) – limit the number of jobs.

`None` means no limit (default).

- **cluster\_name** (*str*) – list jobs on specified cluster.

`None` means the current cluster (default).

#### Returns

asynchronous iterator which emits *JobDescription* objects.

```
monitor(id: str, *, cluster_name: Optional[str] = None,
since: Optional[datetime] = None,
timestamps: bool = False,
separator: Optional[str] = None,
) -> AsyncContextManager[AsyncIterator[bytes]]
```

Get job logs as a sequence of data chunks, e.g.:

```
async with client.jobs.monitor(job_id) as it:
    async for chunk in it:
        print(chunk.encode('utf8', errors='replace'))
```

#### Parameters

- **id** (*str*) – job *id* to retrieve logs.

- **cluster\_name** (*str*) – cluster on which the job is running.

`None` means the current cluster (default).

- **since** (*datetime*) – Retrieves only logs after the specified date (including) if it is not `None`. If the parameter is a naive datetime object, it represents local time.

`None` means that no filter is applied (default).

- **timestamps** (*bool*) – if true, include timestamps on each line in the log output.

- **separator** (*str*) – string which will separate archive and live logs (if both parts are present).

By default a string containing random characters are used. Empty *separator* suppresses output of separator.



**Returns**

`AsyncIterator` over `bytes` log chunks.

`async-with port_forward(id: str, local_port: int, job_port: int, *, no_key_check: bool = False, cluster_name: Optional[str] = None) → None`

Forward local port to job, e.g.:

```
async with client.jobs.port_forward(job_id, 8080, 80):
    # port forwarding is available inside with-block
```

**Parameters**

- `id` (*str*) – job *id*.
- `local_port` (*int*) – local TCP port to forward.
- `job_port` (*int*) – remote TCP port in a job to forward.
- `cluster_name` (*str*) – cluster on which the job is running.

None means the current cluster (default).

`coroutine run(container: Container, *, name: Optional[str] = None, tags: Sequence[str] = (), description: Optional[str] = None, scheduler_enabled: bool = False, pass_config: bool = False, wait_for_jobs_quota: bool = False, schedule_timeout: Optional[float] = None, life_span: Optional[float] = None, priority: Optional[JobPriority] = None) → JobDescription`

Start a new job.

Deprecated since version 20.11.25: Please use `start()` instead.

**Parameters**

- `container` (*Container*) – container description to start.
- `name` (*str*) – optional container name.
- `name` – optional job tags.
- `description` (*str*) – optional container description.
- `scheduler_enabled` (*bool*) – a flag that specifies is the job should participate in round-robin scheduling.
- `pass_config` (*bool*) – a flag that specifies that platform should pass config data to job. This allows to API and CLI from the inside of the job. See [Factory.login\\_with\\_passed\\_config\(\)](#) for details.
- `wait_for_jobs_quota` (*bool*) – when this flag is set, job will wait for another job to stop instead of failing immediately because of total running jobs quota.
- `schedule_timeout` (*float*) – minimal timeout to wait before reporting that job cannot be scheduled because the lack of computation cluster resources (memory, CPU/GPU etc). This option is not allowed when `is_preemptible` is set to `True`.
- `life_span` (*float*) – job run-time limit in seconds. Pass `None` to disable.
- `priority` (*JobPriority*) – priority used to specify job's start order. Jobs with higher priority will start before ones with lower priority. Priority should be supported by cluster.

**Returns**

`JobDescription` instance with information about started job.

```
coroutine start(*, image: RemoteImage, preset_name: str, cluster_name: Optional[str] = None,
                org_name: Optional[str] = None, entrypoint: Optional[str] = None, command:
                Optional[str] = None, working_dir: Optional[str] = None, http: Optional[HTTPPort] =
                None, env: Optional[Mapping[str, str]] = None, volumes: Sequence[Volume] = (),
                secret_env: Optional[Mapping[str, URL]] = None, secret_files: Sequence[SecretFile] =
                (), disk_volumes: Sequence[DiskVolume] = (), tty: bool = False, shm: bool = False,
                name: Optional[str] = None, tags: Sequence[str] = (), description: Optional[str] =
                None, pass_config: bool = False, wait_for_jobs_quota: bool = False, schedule_timeout:
                Optional[float] = None, restart_policy: JobRestartPolicy = JobRestartPolicy.NEVER,
                life_span: Optional[float] = None, privileged: bool = False, priority:
                Optional[JobPriority] = None) → JobDescription
```

Start a new job.

#### Parameters

- **image** ([RemoteImage](#)) – image used for starting a container.
- **preset\_name** ([str](#)) – name of the preset of resources given to a container on a node.
- **cluster\_name** ([str](#)) – cluster to start a job. Default is current cluster.
- **org\_name** ([str](#)) – org to start a job on behalf of. Default is current org.
- **entrypoint** ([str](#)) – optional Docker [ENTRYPOINT](#) used for overriding image entry-point ([str](#)), default `None` is used to pick entry-point from image's *Dockerfile*.
- **command** ([str](#)) – optional command line to execute inside a container ([str](#)), `None` for picking command line from image's *Dockerfile*.
- **working\_dir** ([str](#)) – optional working directory inside a container ([str](#)), `None` for picking working directory from image's *Dockerfile*.
- **http** ([HTTPPort](#)) – optional parameters of HTTP server exposed by container, `None` if the container doesn't provide HTTP access.
- **env** ([Mapping\[str, str\]](#)) – optional custom *environment variables* for pushing into container's task. A [Mapping](#) where keys are environments variables names and values are variable values, both [str](#). `None` by default.
- **volumes** ([Sequence\[Volume\]](#)) – optional Docker volumes to mount into container, a [Sequence](#) of [Volume](#) objects. Empty [tuple](#) by default.
- **secret\_env** ([Mapping\[str, yarl.URL\]](#)) – optional secrets pushed as custom *environment variables* into container's task. A [Mapping](#) where keys are environments variables names ([str](#)) and values are secret URIs ([yarl.URL](#)). `None` by default.
- **secret\_files** ([Sequence\[SecretFile\]](#)) – optional secrets mounted as files in a container, a [Sequence](#) of [SecretFile](#) objects. Empty [tuple](#) by default.
- **disk\_volumes** ([Sequence\[DiskVolume\]](#)) – optional disk volumes used to mount into container, a [Sequence](#) of [DiskVolume](#) objects. Empty [tuple](#) by default.
- **tty** ([bool](#)) – Allocate a TTY or not. `False` by default.
- **shm** ([bool](#)) – Use Linux shared memory or not. `False` by default.
- **name** ([str](#)) – optional job name.
- **tags** ([Sequence\[str\]](#)) – optional job tags.
- **description** ([str](#)) – optional container description.

- **pass\_config** (*bool*) – a flag that specifies that platform should pass config data to job. This allows to API and CLI from the inside of the job. See [Factory.login\\_with\\_passed\\_config\(\)](#) for details.
- **wait\_for\_jobs\_quota** (*bool*) – when this flag is set, job will wait for another job to stop instead of failing immediately because of total running jobs quota.
- **schedule\_timeout** (*float*) – minimal timeout to wait before reporting that job cannot be scheduled because the lack of computation cluster resources (memory, CPU/GPU etc).
- **life\_span** (*float*) – job run-time limit in seconds. Pass *None* to disable.
- **restart\_policy** (*JobRestartPolicy*) – job restart behavior. *JobRestartPolicy.NEVER* by default.
- **privileged** (*bool*) – Run job in privileged mode. This mode should be supported by cluster.
- **priority** (*JobPriority*) – priority used to specify job's start order. Jobs with higher priority will start before ones with lower priority. Priority should be supported by cluster. *None* by default.

**Returns**

[JobDescription](#) instance with information about started job.

**coroutine send\_signal**(*id: str*, \*, *cluster\_name: Optional[str] = None*) → *None*

Send SIGKILL signal to a job.

**Parameters**

- **id** (*str*) – job *id*.
  - **cluster\_name** (*str*) – cluster on which the job is running.
- None* means the current cluster (default).

**coroutine status**(*id: str*) → [JobDescription](#)

Get information about a job.

**Parameters**

**id** (*str*) – job *id* to get its status.

**Returns**

[JobDescription](#) instance with job status details.

**async-with async-for top**(*id: str*, \*, *cluster\_name: Optional[str] = None*) → *AsyncContextManager[AsyncIterator[JobTelemetry]]*

Get job usage statistics, e.g.:

```
async with client.jobs.top(job_id) as top:
    async for data in top:
        print(data.cpu, data.memory)
```

**Parameters**

- **id** (*str*) – job *id* to get telemetry data.
  - **cluster\_name** (*str*) – cluster on which the job is running.
- None* means the current cluster (default).

**Returns**

asynchronous iterator which emits *JobTelemetry* objects periodically.

**coroutine** `bump_life_span(id: str, additional_life_span: float) → None`

Increase life span of a job.

**Parameters**

- **id** (*str*) – job *id* to increase life span.
- **life\_span** (*float*) – amount of seconds to add to job run-time limit.

## Container

**class** `neuro_sdk.Container`

*Read-only* dataclass for describing Docker image and environment to run a job.

**image**

*RemoteImage* used for starting a container.

**resources**

*Resources* which are used to schedule a container.

**entrypoint**

Docker *ENTRYPOINT* used for overriding image entry-point (*str*), default *None* is used to pick entry-point from image's *Dockerfile*.

**command**

Command line to execute inside a container (*str*), *None* for picking command line from image's *Dockerfile*.

**http**

*HTTPPort* for describing parameters of HTTP server exposed by container, *None* if the container doesn't provide HTTP access.

**env**

Custom *environment variables* for pushing into container's task.

A *Mapping* where keys are environments variables names and values are variable values, both *str*. Empty *dict* by default.

**volumes**

Docker volumes to mount into container, a *Sequence* of *Volume* objects. Empty *list* by default.

**secret\_env**

Secrets pushed as custom *environment variables* into container's task.

A *Mapping* where keys are environments variables names (*str*) and values are secret URIs (*yaml.URL*). Empty *dict* by default.

**secret\_files**

Secrets mounted as files in a container, a *Sequence* of *SecretFile* objects. Empty *list* by default.

**disk\_volumes**

Disk volumes used to mount into container, a *Sequence* of *DiskVolume* objects. Empty *list* by default.

## HTTPPort

**class** neuro\_sdk.HTTPPort

*Read-only dataclass* for exposing HTTP server started in a job.

To access this server from remote machine please use [JobDescription.http\\_url](#).

**port**

Open port number in container's port namespace, [int](#).

**requires\_auth**

Authentication in Neuro Platform is required for access to exposed HTTP server if True, the port is open publicly otherwise.

## JobDescription

**class** neuro\_sdk.JobDescription

*Read-only dataclass* for describing a job.

**id**

Job ID, [str](#).

**owner**

A name of user who created a job, [str](#).

**cluster\_name**

A name of cluster where job was scheduled, [str](#).

New in version 19.9.11.

**status**

Current status of job, [JobStatus](#) enumeration.

**history**

Additional information about job, e.g. creation time and process exit code. [JobStatusHistory](#) instance.

**container**

Description of container information used to start a job, [Container](#) instance.

**scheduler\_enabled**

Is job participate in round-robin scheduling.

**preemptible\_node**

Is this node allows execution on preemptible node. If set to True, the job only allows execution on preemptible nodes. If set to False, the job only allows execution on **non**-preemptible nodes.

**pass\_config**

Is config data is passed by platform, see [Factory.login\\_with\\_passed\\_config\(\)](#) for details.

**privileged**

Is the job is running in privileged mode, refer to [docker documentation](#) for details.

**name**

Job name provided by user at creation time, [str](#) or None if name is omitted.

**tags**

List of job tags provided by user at creation time, [Sequence\[str\]](#) or () if tags omitted.

**description**

Job description text provided by user at creation time, `str` or `None` if description is omitted.

**http\_url**

`yaml.URL` for HTTP server exposed by job, empty URL if the job doesn't expose HTTP server.

**ssh\_server**

`yaml.URL` to access running job by SSH. Internal field, don't access it from custom code. Use `Jobs.exec()` and `Jobs.port_forward()` as official API for accessing to running job.

**internal\_hostname**

DNS name to access the running job from other jobs.

**internal\_hostname\_named**

DNS name to access the running job from other jobs based on jobs name instead of jobs id. Produces same value for jobs with name and owner in same cluster.

**life\_span**

Job run-time limit in seconds, `float`

**schedule\_timeout**

Minimal timeout in seconds job will wait before reporting it cannot be scheduled because the lack of computation cluster resources (memory, CPU/GPU etc), `float`

**priority**

Priority used to specify job's start order. Jobs with higher priority will start before ones with lower priority, `JobPriority`

**\_internal**

Some internal info about job used by platform. Should not be used.

## JobRestartPolicy

**class** `neuro_sdk.JobRestartPolicy`

*Enumeration* that describes job restart behavior.

Can be one of the following statues:

**NEVER**

Job will never be restarted.

**ON\_FAILURE**

Job will be restarted only in case of job failure.

**ALWAYS**

Job will always be restarted after success or failure.

## JobPriority

**class** neuro\_sdk.JobPriority

*Enumeration* that describes job priority.

Can be one of the following statues:

### LOW

Jobs with LOW priority will start after all other jobs.

### NORMAL

Default job priority.

### HIGH

Jobs with HIGH priority will start before all other jobs.

## JobStatus

**class** neuro\_sdk.JobStatus

*Enumeration* that describes job state.

Can be one of the following statues:

### PENDING

Job is scheduled for execution but not started yet.

### RUNNING

Job is running now.

### SUSPENDED

Scheduled job is paused to allow other jobs to run.

### SUCCEEDED

Job is finished successfully.

### CANCELLED

Job was canceled while it was running.

### FAILED

Job execution is failed.

### UNKNOWN

Invalid (or unknown) status code, should be never returned from server.

Also some shortcuts are available:

**items()** → Set[JobStatus]

Returns all statuses except *UNKNOWN*.

**active\_items()** → Set[JobStatus]

Returns all statuses that are not final: *PENDING*, *SUSPENDED* and *RUNNING*.

**finished\_items()** → Set[JobStatus]

Returns all statuses that are final: *SUCCEEDED*, *CANCELLED* and *FAILED*.

Each enum value has next *bool* fields:

**is\_pending**

Job is waiting to become running. True for *PENDING* and *SUSPENDED* states.

**is\_running**

Job is running now. True for *RUNNING* state.

**is\_finished**

Job completed execution. True for *SUCCEEDED*, *CANCELLED* and *FAILED*

**JobStatusItem****class neuro\_sdk.JobStatusItem**

*Read-only* dataclass for describing job status transition details.

**transition\_time**

Status transition timestamp, *datetime*.

**status**

Status of job after this transition, *JobStatus* enumeration.

**reason**

Additional information for job status, *str*.

Examples of *reason* values:

- 'ContainerCreating' for *JobStatus.PENDING* job that initiates a pod for container.
- 'ErrImagePull' for *JobStatus.FAILED* job that cannot pull specified image.

**description**

Extended description for short abbreviation described by *reason*, empty *str* if no additional information is provided.

**exit\_code**

Exit code for container's process (*int*) or None if the job was not started or was still running when this transition occurred.

**JobStatusHistory****class neuro\_sdk.JobStatusHistory**

*Read-only* dataclass for describing job status details, e.g. creation and finishing time, exit code etc.

**status**

Current status of job, *JobStatus* enumeration.

The same as *JobDescription.status*.

**reason**

Additional information for current status, *str*.

Examples of *reason* values:

- 'ContainerCreating' for *JobStatus.PENDING* job that initiates a pod for container.
- 'ErrImagePull' for *JobStatus.FAILED* job that cannot pull specified image.



**description**

Extended description for short abbreviation described by *reason*, empty *str* if no additional information is provided.

**exit\_code**

Exit code for container's process (*int*) or *None* if the job was not started or is still running.

**restarts**

Number of container's restarts, *int*.

**created\_at**

Job creation timestamp, *datetime* or *None*.

**started\_at**

Job starting timestamp, *datetime* or *None* if job not started.

**finished\_at**

Job finishing timestamp, *datetime* or *None* if job not finished.

**transitions**

List of job status transitions, *Sequence* of *JobStatusItem*.

## JobTelemetry

**class** `neuro_sdk.JobTelemetry`

*Read-only* dataclass for job telemetry (statistics), e.g. consumed CPU load, memory footprint etc.

See also:

*Jobs.top()*.

**timestamp**

Date and time of telemetry report (*float*), time in seconds since the *epoch*, like the value returned from *time.time()*.

See *time* and *datetime* for more information how to handle the timestamp.

**cpu**

CPU load, *float*. 1 means fully loaded one CPU unit, 0.5 is for half-utilized CPU.

**memory**

Consumed memory in megabytes, *float*.

**gpu\_duty\_cycle**

Percentage of time over the past sample period (10 seconds) during which the accelerator was actively processing. *int* between 1 and 100, *None* if the job has no GPU available.

**gpu\_memory**

Percentage of used GPU memory, *float* between 0 and 1.

## Message

### class neuro\_sdk.Message

*Read-only* dataclass for representing job's stdout/stderr stream chunks, returned from [`StdStream.read\_out\(\)`](#).

#### **fileno**

Stream number, 1 for stdin and 2 for stdout.

#### **data**

A chunk of stdout/stderr data, [`bytes`](#).

## Resources

### class neuro\_sdk.Resources

*Read-only* dataclass for describing resources (memory, CPU/GPU etc.) available for container, see also [`Container.resources`](#) attribute.

#### **memory\_mb**

Requested memory amount in MegaBytes, [`int`](#).

#### **cpu**

Requested number of CPUs, [`float`](#). Please note, Docker supports fractions here, e.g. 0.5 CPU means a half of CPU on the target node.

#### **gpu**

The number of requested GPUs, [`int`](#). Use None for jobs that doesn't require GPU.

#### **gpu\_model**

The name of requested GPU model, [`str`](#) (or None for job without GPUs).

#### **shm**

Use Linux shared memory or not, [`bool`](#). Provide True if you don't know what /dev/shm device means.

#### **tpu\_type**

Requested TPU type, see also [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tensor\\_processing\\_unit](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tensor_processing_unit)

#### **tpu\_software\_version**

Requested TPU software version.

## StdStream

### class neuro\_sdk.StdStream

A class for communicating with attached job ([`Jobs.attach\(\)`](#)) or exec session ([`Jobs.exec\(\)`](#)). Use [`read\_out\(\)`](#) for reading from stdout/stderr and [`write\_in\(\)`](#) for writing into stdin.

#### **coroutine close()** → [`None`](#)

Close *StdStream* instance.

#### **coroutine read\_out()** → Optional[[`Message`](#)]

Read next chunk from stdout/stderr.

#### **Returns**

[`Message`](#) instance for read data chunk or *None* if EOF is reached or *StdStream* was closed.

**coroutine** `write_in(data: bytes) → None`

Write *data* to stdin.

**Parameters**

**data** (*bytes*) – data to send.

## Volume

**class** `neuro_sdk.Volume`

*Read-only* dataclass for describing mounted volumes of a container.

**storage\_uri**

An URL on remotes storage, `yaml.URL`.

**container\_path**

A path on container filesystem, `str`.

**read\_only**

True is the volume is mounted in read-only mode, False for read-write (default).

## SecretFile

**class** `neuro_sdk.SecretFile`

*Read-only* dataclass for describing secrets mounted as files in a container.

**secret\_uri**

An URI on a secret, `yaml.URL`.

**container\_path**

A path on container filesystem, `str`.

## DiskVolume

**class** `neuro_sdk.DiskVolume`

*Read-only* dataclass for describing mounted disk volumes of a container.

**disk\_uri**

An URI on a disk, `yaml.URL`.

**container\_path**

A path on container filesystem, `str`.

**read\_only**

True is the volume is mounted in read-only mode, False for read-write (default).

## 3.2.5 Storage API Reference

### Storage

**class** `neuro_sdk.Storage`

Storage subsystem, available as `Client.storage`.

The subsystem can be used for listing remote storage, uploading and downloading files etc.

### Remote filesystem operations

**async-with async-for glob**(*uri: URL*, \*, *dironly: bool = False*) → `AsyncContextManager[AsyncIterator[URL]]`

Glob the given relative pattern *uri* in the directory represented by this *uri*, yielding all matching remote files (of any kind):

```
folder = yarl.URL("storage:folder/*")
async with client.storage.glob(folder) as uris:
    async for uri in uris:
        print(uri)
```

The “`***`” pattern means “this directory and all sub-directories, recursively”. In other words, it enables recursive globbing:

```
folder = yarl.URL("storage:folder/**/*.py")
async with client.storage.glob(folder) as uris:
    async for uri in uris:
        print(uri)
```

#### Parameters

- **uri** (*URL*) – a pattern to glob.
- **dironly** (*bool*) – search in directory names only, False by default.

#### Returns

asynchronous iterator that can be used for enumerating found files and directories.

**async-with async-for list**(*uri: URL*) → `AsyncContextManager[AsyncIterator[FileStatus]]`

List a directory *uri* on the storage, e.g.:

```
folder = yarl.URL("storage:folder")
async with client.storage.list(folder) as statuses:
    async for status in statuses:
        print(status.name, status.size)
```

#### Parameters

**uri** (*URL*) – directory to list

#### Returns

asynchronous iterator which emits `FileStatus` objects for the directory content.

**coroutine mkdir**(*uri*: URL, \*, *parents*: bool = False, *exist\_ok*: bool = False) → None

Create a directory *uri*. Also create parent directories if *parents* is True, fail if directory exists and not *exist\_ok*.

#### Parameters

- **uri** (URL) – a path to directory for creation, e.g. `yarl.URL("storage:folder/subfolder")`.
- **parents** (bool) – create parent directories if they are not exists, raise `FileNotFound` otherwise (False by default).
- **exist\_ok** (bool) – finish successfully if directory *uri* already exists, raise `FileExistsError` otherwise (False by default).

#### Raises

`FileExistsError` if requested directory already exists and *exist\_ok* flag is not set.

#### Raises

`FileNotFound` if parent directories don't exist and *parents* flag is not set.

**coroutine mv**(*src*: URL, *dst*: URL) → None

Rename remote file or directory *src* to *dst*.

#### Parameters

- **src** (URL) – remote source path, e.g. `yarl.URL("storage:folder/file.bin")`.
- **dst** (URL) – remote destination path, e.g. `yarl.URL("storage:folder/new.bin")`.

**coroutine rm**(*uri*: URL, \*, *recursive*: bool = False) → None

Remove remote file or directory *uri*.

#### Parameters

- **uri** (URL) – remote path to delete, e.g. `yarl.URL("storage:folder/file.bin")`.
- **recursive** (bool) – remove a directory recursively with all nested files and folders if True (False by default).

#### Raises

`IsADirectoryError` if *uri* points on a directory and *recursive* flag is not set.

**coroutine stat**(*uri*: URL) → FileStatus

Return information about *uri*.

#### Parameters

**uri** (URL) – storage path for requested info, e.g. `yarl.URL("storage:folder/file.bin")`.

#### Returns

data structure for given *uri*, `FileStatus` object.

**coroutine disk\_usage**(*cluster\_name*: Optional[str] = None, *org\_name*: Optional[str] = None) → DiskUsageInfo

Return information about disk usage in given cluster and organization.

#### Parameters

- **cluster\_name** (str) – cluster name to retrieve info. If None current cluster will be used.
- **org\_name** (str) – Organization name to retrieve info. If None current organization will be used.

**Returns**

data structure for given cluster and organization, [DiskUsageInfo](#) object.

**File operations**

**coroutine** `create(uri: URL, data: AsyncIterator[bytes]) → None`

Create a file on storage under *uri* name, file it with a content from *data* asynchronous iterator, e.g.:

```
async def gen():
    for i in range(10):
        yield str(i) * 10

file = yarl.URL("storage:folder/file.bin")
source = gen()
await client.storage.create(file, source)
await source.aclose()
```

**Parameters**

- **uri** (*URL*) – path to created file, e.g. `yarl.URL("storage:folder/file.txt")`.
- **data** (*AsyncIterator[bytes]*) – asynchronous iterator used as data provider for file content.

**coroutine** `write(uri: URL, data: bytes, offset: int) → None`

Overwrite the part of existing file on storage under *uri* name.

**Parameters**

- **uri** (*URL*) – storage path of remote file, e.g. `yarl.URL("storage:folder/file.txt")`.
- **data** (*bytes*) – data to be written. Must be non-empty.
- **offset** (*int*) – position in file from which to write.

**async-with async-for** `open(uri: URL, offset: int = 0, size: Optional[int] = None) → AsyncContextManager[AsyncIterator[bytes]]`

Get the content of remote file *uri* or its fragment as asynchronous iterator, e.g.:

```
file = yarl.URL("storage:folder/file.txt")
async with client.storage.open(file) as content:
    async for data in content:
        print(data)
```

**Parameters**

- **uri** (*URL*) – storage path of remote file, e.g. `yarl.URL("storage:folder/file.txt")`.
- **offset** (*int*) – Position in file from which to read.
- **size** (*int*) – Maximal size of the read data. If `None` read to the end of the file.

**Returns**

asynchronous iterator used for retrieving the file content.

## Copy operations

**coroutine download\_dir**(*src*: URL, *dst*: URL, \*, *update*: bool = False, *continue\_*: bool = False, *filter*: Optional[Callable[[str], Awaitable[bool]]] = None, *progress*: Optional[AbstractRecursiveFileProgress] = None) → None:

Recursively download remote directory *src* to local path *dst*.

### Parameters

- **src** (URL) – path on remote storage to download a directory from e.g. yar1.URL("storage:folder").
- **dst** (URL) – local path to save downloaded directory, e.g. yar1.URL("file:///home/andrew/folder").
- **update** (bool) – if true, download only when the source file is newer than the destination file or when the destination file is missing.
- **continue** (bool) – if true, download only the part of the source file past the end of the destination file and append it to the destination file if the destination file is newer and not longer than the source file. Otherwise download and overwrite the whole file.
- **filter** (Callable[[str], Awaitable[bool]]) – a callback function for determining which files and subdirectories be downloaded. It is called with a relative path of file or directory and if the result is false the file or directory will be skipped.
- **progress** (AbstractRecursiveFileProgress) – a callback interface for reporting downloading progress, None for no progress report (default).

**coroutine download\_file**(*src*: URL, *dst*: URL, \*, *update*: bool = False, *continue\_*: bool = False, *progress*: Optional[AbstractFileProgress] = None) → None:

Download remote file *src* to local path *dst*.

### Parameters

- **src** (URL) – path on remote storage to download a file from e.g. yar1.URL("storage:folder/file.bin").
- **dst** (URL) – local path to save downloaded file, e.g. yar1.URL("file:///home/andrew/folder/file.bin").
- **update** (bool) – if true, download only when the source file is newer than the destination file or when the destination file is missing.
- **continue** (bool) – if true, download only the part of the source file past the end of the destination file and append it to the destination file if the destination file is newer and not longer than the source file. Otherwise download and overwrite the whole file.
- **progress** (AbstractFileProgress) – a callback interface for reporting downloading progress, None for no progress report (default).

**coroutine upload\_dir**(*src*: URL, *dst*: URL, \*, *update*: bool = False, *continue\_*: bool = False, *filter*: Optional[Callable[[str], Awaitable[bool]]] = None, *ignore\_file\_names*: AbstractSet[str] = frozenset(), *progress*: Optional[AbstractRecursiveFileProgress] = None) → None:

Recursively upload local directory *src* to storage URL *dst*.

### Parameters

- **src** (URL) – path to uploaded directory on local disk, e.g. yar1.URL("file:///home/andrew/folder").

- **dst** (*URL*) – path on remote storage for saving uploading directory e.g. `yaml.URL("storage:folder")`.
- **update** (*bool*) – if true, download only when the source file is newer than the destination file or when the destination file is missing.
- **continue** (*bool*) – if true, upload only the part of the source file past the end of the destination file and append it to the destination file if the destination file is newer and not longer than the source file. Otherwise upload and overwrite the whole file.
- **filter** (*Callable[[str], Awaitable[bool]]*) – a callback function for determining which files and subdirectories be uploaded. It is called with a relative path of file or directory and if the result is false the file or directory will be skipped.
- **ignore\_file\_names** (*AbstractSet[str]*) – a set of names of files which specify filters for skipping files and subdirectories. The format of ignore files is the same as `.gitignore`.
- **progress** (*AbstractRecursiveFileProgress*) – a callback interface for reporting uploading progress, `None` for no progress report (default).

**coroutine upload\_file**(*src: URL, dst: URL, \*, update: bool = False, continue\_: bool = False, progress: Optional[AbstractFileProgress] = None*) → `None`:

Upload local file *src* to storage URL *dst*.

#### Parameters

- **src** (*URL*) – path to uploaded file on local disk, e.g. `yaml.URL("file:///home/andrew/folder/file.txt")`.
- **dst** (*URL*) – path on remote storage for saving uploading file e.g. `yaml.URL("storage:folder/file.txt")`.
- **update** (*bool*) – if true, download only when the source file is newer than the destination file or when the destination file is missing.
- **continue** (*bool*) – if true, upload only the part of the source file past the end of the destination file and append it to the destination file if the destination file is newer and not longer than the source file. Otherwise upload and overwrite the whole file.
- **progress** (*AbstractFileProgress*) – a callback interface for reporting uploading progress, `None` for no progress report (default).

## FileStatus

**class neuro\_sdk.FileStatus**

*Read-only dataclass for describing remote entry (file or directory).*

#### **modification\_time**

Modification time in seconds since the *epoch*, like the value returned from `time.time()`.

#### **name**

File or directory name, the last part of *path*.

#### **permission**

Permission (*read*, *write* or *manage*), *Action*.

#### **path**

Path to the entry, *str*.



**size**  
File size in bytes, `int`.

**type**  
Entry type, `FileStatusType` instance.

**is\_file()** → `bool`  
True if `type` is `FileStatusType.FILE`

**is\_dir()** → `bool`  
True if `type` is `FileStatusType.DIRECTORY`

## AbstractFileProgress

**class** `neuro_sdk.AbstractFileProgress`

Base class for file upload/download progress, inherited from `abc.ABC`. User should inherit from this class and override abstract methods to get progress info from `Storage.upload_file()` and `Storage.download_file()` calls.

**start**(*data*: `StorageProgressStart`) → `None`

Called when transmission of the file starts.

**Parameters**

**data** (`StorageProgressStart`) – data for this event

**step**(*data*: `StorageProgressStep`) → `None`

Called when transmission of the file progresses (more bytes are transmitted).

**Parameters**

**data** (`StorageProgressStep`) – data for this event

**complete**(*data*: `StorageProgressComplete`) → `None`

Called when transmission of the file completes.

**Parameters**

**data** (`StorageProgressComplete`) – data for this event

## AbstractRecursiveFileProgress

**class** `neuro_sdk.AbstractRecursiveFileProgress`

Base class for recursive file upload/download progress, inherited from `AbstractFileProgress`. User should inherit from this class and override abstract methods to get progress info from `Storage.upload_dir()` and `Storage.download_dir()` calls.

**enter**(*data*: `StorageProgressEnterDir`) → `None`

Called when recursive process enters directory.

**Parameters**

**data** (`StorageProgressComplete`) – data for this event

**leave**(*data*: `StorageProgressLeaveDir`) → `None`

Called when recursive process leaves directory. All files in that directory are now transmitted.

**Parameters**

**data** (`StorageProgressLeaveDir`) – data for this event

**fail**(*data*: [StorageProgressFail](#)) → [None](#)

Called when recursive process fails. It can happen because of touching special file (like block device file) or some other reason. Check **data.message** to get error details.

**Parameters**

**data** ([StorageProgressFail](#)) – data for this event

## **AbstractDeleteProgress**

**class** `neuro_sdk.AbstractDeleteProgress`

Base class for file/directory delete progress, inherited from `abc.ABC`. User should inherit from this class and override abstract methods to get progress info from `Storage.rm()` calls.

**delete**(*data*: [StorageProgressDelete](#)) → [None](#)

Called when single item (either file or directory) was deleted. Directory removal happens after removal of all files and subdirectories it contains.

**Parameters**

**data** ([StorageProgressDelete](#)) – data for this event

## **StorageProgress event classes**

**class** `neuro_sdk.StorageProgressStart`

**src**

[yaml.URL](#) of source file, e.g. `URL("file:/home/user/upload.txt")`.

**dst**

[yaml.URL](#) of destination file, e.g. `URL("storage://cluster/user/upload_to.txt")`.

**size**

Size of the transmitted file, in bytes, [int](#).

**class** `neuro_sdk.StorageProgressStep`

**src**

[yaml.URL](#) of source file, e.g. `URL("file:/home/user/upload.txt")`.

**dst**

[yaml.URL](#) of destination file, e.g. `URL("storage://cluster/user/upload_to.txt")`.

**current**

Count of the transmitted bytes, [int](#).

**size**

Size of the transmitted file, in bytes, [int](#).

**class** `neuro_sdk.StorageProgressComplete`

**src**

[yaml.URL](#) of source file, e.g. `URL("file:/home/user/upload.txt")`.

**dst**

[yaml.URL](#) of destination file, e.g. `URL("storage://cluster/user/upload_to.txt")`.

**size**

Size of the transmitted file, in bytes, `int`.

**class neuro\_sdk.StorageProgressEnterDir**

**src**

`yaml.URL` of source directory, e.g. `URL("file:/home/user/upload/")`.

**dst**

`yaml.URL` of destination directory, e.g. `URL("storage://cluster/user/upload_to/")`.

**class neuro\_sdk.StorageProgressLeaveDir**

**src**

`yaml.URL` of source directory, e.g. `URL("file:/home/user/upload/")`.

**dst**

`yaml.URL` of destination directory, e.g. `URL("storage://cluster/user/upload_to/")`.

**class neuro\_sdk.StorageProgressFail**

**src**

`yaml.URL` of source file that triggered error, e.g. `URL("file:/dev/sda")`.

**dst**

`yaml.URL` of destination file, e.g. `URL("storage://cluster/user/dev/sda.bin")`.

**message**

Explanation message for the error, `str`.

**class neuro\_sdk.StorageProgressDelete**

**uri**

`yaml.URL` of the deleted file, e.g. `URL("storage://cluster/user/delete_me.txt")`.

**is\_dir**

**True** if removed item was a directory; **False** otherwise. `bool`

## DiskUsageInfo

**class neuro\_sdk.DiskUsageInfo**

*Read-only dataclass for describing disk usage in particular cluster*

**cluster\_name**

Name of cluster, `str`.

**total**

Total storage size in bytes, `int`.

**used**

Used storage size in bytes, `int`.

**free**

Free storage size in bytes, `int`.

## 3.2.6 Images API Reference

### Images

**class** `neuro_sdk.Images`

Docker image subsystem.

Used for pushing docker images onto Neuro docker registry for later usage by `Jobs.run()` and pulling these images back to local docker.

**coroutine** `push(local: LocalImage, remote: Optional[RemoteImage] = None, *, progress: Optional[AbstractDockerImageProgress] = None) → RemoteImage`

Push *local* docker image to *remote* side.

#### Parameters

- **local** (`LocalImage`) – a spec of local docker image (e.g. created by `docker build`) for pushing on Neuro Registry.
- **remote** (`RemoteImage`) – a spec for remote image on Neuro Registry. Calculated from *local* image automatically if *None* (default).
- **progress** (`AbstractDockerImageProgress`) – a callback interface for reporting pushing progress, *None* for no progress report (default).

#### Returns

*remote* image if explicitly specified, calculated remote image if *remote* is *None* (`RemoteImage`)

**coroutine** `pull(remote: Optional[RemoteImage] = None, local: LocalImage, *, progress: Optional[AbstractDockerImageProgress] = None) → RemoteImage`

Pull *remote* image from Neuro registry to *local* docker side.

#### Parameters

- **remote** (`RemoteImage`) – a spec for remote image on Neuro registry.
- **local** (`LocalImage`) – a spec of local docker image to pull. Calculated from *remote* image automatically if *None* (default).
- **progress** (`AbstractDockerImageProgress`) – a callback interface for reporting pulling progress, *None* for no progress report (default).

#### Returns

*local* image if explicitly specified, calculated remote image if *local* is *None* (`LocalImage`)

**coroutine** `digest(image: RemoteImage) → str`

Get digest of an image in Neuro registry.

#### Parameters

**image** (`RemoteImage`) – a spec for remote image on Neuro registry.

#### Returns

string representing image digest

**coroutine** `rm(image: RemoteImage, digest: str) → str`

Delete remote image specified by given reference and digest from Neuro registry.

#### Parameters

- **image** (`RemoteImage`) – a spec for remote image on Neuro registry.

- **digest** (*str*) – remote image digest, which can be obtained via *digest* method.

**coroutine list**(*cluster\_name: Optional[str] = None*) → List[*RemoteImage*]

List images on Neuro registry available to the user.

**Parameters**

**cluster\_name** (*str*) – name of the cluster.

None means the current cluster (default).

**Returns**

list of remote images not including tags (List[*RemoteImage*])

**coroutine tags**(*image: RemoteImage*) → List[*RemoteImage*]

List image references with tags for the specified remote *image*.

**Parameters**

**image** (*RemoteImage*) – a spec for remote image without tag on Neuro registry.

**Returns**

list of remote images with tags (List[*RemoteImage*])

**coroutine size**(*image: RemoteImage*) → int

Return image size.

**Parameters**

**image** (*RemoteImage*) – a spec for remote image with tag on Neuro registry.

**Returns**

remote image size in bytes

**coroutine tag\_info**(*image: RemoteImage*) → *Tag*

Return info about specified tag.

**Parameters**

**image** (*RemoteImage*) – a spec for remote image with tag on Neuro registry.

**Returns**

tag information (name and size) (*Tag*)

## AbstractDockerImageProgress

**class neuro\_sdk.AbstractDockerImageProgress**

Base class for image operations progress, e.g. *Images.pull()* and *Images.push()*. Inherited from *abc.ABC*.

**pull**(*data: ImageProgressPull*) → None

Pulling image from remote Neuro registry to local Docker is started.

**Parameters**

**data** (*ImageProgressPull*) – additional data, e.g. local and remote image objects.

**push**(*data: ImageProgressPush*) → None

Pushing image from local Docker to remote Neuro registry is started.

**Parameters**

**data** (*ImageProgressPush*) – additional data, e.g. local and remote image objects.

**step**(*data*: ImageProgressStep) → None

Next step in image transfer is performed.

**Parameters**

**data** (ImageProgressStep) – additional data, e.g. image layer id and progress report.

## ImageProgressPull

**class** neuro\_sdk.ImageProgressPull

*Read-only* dataclass for pulling operation report.

**src**

Source image, *RemoteImage* instance.

**dst**

Destination image, *LocalImage* instance.

**class** neuro\_sdk.ImageProgressPush

*Read-only* dataclass for pushing operation report.

**src**

Source image, *LocalImage* instance.

**dst**

Destination image, *RemoteImage* instance.

**class** neuro\_sdk.ImageProgressStep

*Read-only* dataclass for push/pull progress step.

**layer\_id**

Image layer, *str*.

**message**

Progress message, *str*.

## LocalImage

**class** neuro\_sdk.LocalImage

*Read-only* dataclass for describing *image* in local Docker system.

**name**

Image name, *str*.

**tag**

Image tag (*str*), None if the tag is omitted (implicit latest tag).

## RemoteImage

**class** neuro\_sdk.RemoteImage

*Read-only dataclass for describing image in remote registry (Neuro Platform hosted or other registries like DockerHub).*

**name**

Image name, *str*.

**tag**

Image tag (*str*), None if the tag is omitted (implicit latest tag).

**owner**

User name (*str*) of a person who manages this image.

Public DockerHub images (e.g. "ubuntu:latest") have no *owner*, the attribute is None.

**org\_name**

Name (*str*) of an organization who manages this image or *None* if there is no such org.

Public DockerHub images (e.g. "ubuntu:latest") have no *org*, the attribute is None.

**registry**

Host name for images hosted on Neuro Registry (*str*), None for other registries like DockerHub.

**as\_docker\_url** (*with\_scheme: bool = False*) → *str*

URL that can be used to reference this image with Docker.

**Parameters**

**with\_scheme** (*bool*) – if set to True, returned URL includes scheme (*https://*), otherwise (default behavior) - scheme is omitted.

**with\_tag** (*tag: bool*) → *RemoteImage*

Creates a new reference to remote image with *tag*.

**Parameters**

**tag** (*str*) – new tag

**Returns**

remote image with *tag*

**classmethod new\_neuro\_image** (*name: str, registry: str, \*, owner: str, cluster\_name: str, tag: Optional[str] = None*) → *RemoteImage*

Create a new instance referring to an image hosted on Neuro Platform.

**Parameters**

- **name** (*str*) – name of the image
- **registry** (*str*) – registry where the image is located
- **owner** (*str*) – image owner name
- **cluster\_name** (*str*) – name of the cluster
- **tag** (*str*) – image tag

**classmethod new\_external\_image** (*name: str, registry: Optional[str] = None, \*, tag: Optional[str] = None*) → *RemoteImage*

Create a new instance referring to an image hosted on an external registry (e.g. DockerHub).

**Parameters**

- **name** (*str*) – name of the image
- **registry** (*str*) – registry where the image is located
- **tag** (*str*) – image tag

**class** neuro\_sdk.Tag

*Read-only* dataclass for tag information.

**name**

Tag name, *str*.

**size**

Tag size in bytes, *int*.

## 3.2.7 Users API Reference

### Users

**class** neuro\_sdk.Users

User management subsystem, available as *Client.users*.

**coroutine** **get\_acl**(*user*: *str*, *scheme*: *Optional[str] = None*, \*, *uri*: *Optional[URL] = None*) → *Sequence[Permission]*

Get a list of permissions for *user*.

**Parameters**

- **user** (*str*) – user name of person whom permissions are retrieved.
- **scheme** (*str*) – a filter to fetch permissions for specified URI scheme only, e.g. "job" or "storage". Passing *scheme* is equivalent to passing *uri=scheme* + ":".
- **uri** (*URL*) – a filter to fetch permissions for specified URI prefix only, e.g. *URL("job:")* or *URL("storage://mycluster/myname/mydir")*. You should specify full URI.

**Returns**

a *typing.Sequence* of *Permission* objects. Consider the return type as immutable list.

**coroutine** **get\_shares**(*user*: *str*, *scheme*: *Optional[str] = None*, \*, *uri*: *Optional[URL] = None*) → *Sequence[Share]*

Get resources shared with *user* by others.

**Parameters**

- **user** (*str*) – user name of person whom shares are retrieved.
- **scheme** (*str*) – a filter to fetch shares for specified URI scheme only, e.g. "job" or "storage". Passing *scheme* is equivalent to passing *uri=scheme* + ":".
- **uri** (*URL*) – a filter to fetch permissions for specified URI prefix only, e.g. "job:" or "storage://mycluster/myname/mydir". You should specify full URI.

**Returns**

a *typing.Sequence* of *Share* objects. Consider the return type as immutable list.

**coroutine** **get\_subroles**(*user*: *str*) → *Sequence[str]*

Get subroles of given *user*.

**Parameters**

**user** (*str*) – user name of person whom subroles are retrieved.

**Returns**

a *typing.Sequence* of *str* objects. Consider the return type as immutable list.



**coroutine share**(*user*: *str*, *permission*: *Permission*) → *None*

Share a resource specified by *permission* with *user*.

**Parameters**

- **user** (*str*) – user name to share a resource with.
- **permission** (*Permission*) – a new permission to add.

**coroutine revoke**(*user*: *str*, *uri*: *URL*) → *None*

Revoke all permissions for a resource specified by *uri* from *user*.

**Parameters**

- **user** (*str*) – user name to revoke a resource from.
- **uri** (*URL*) – a resource to revoke.

**coroutine add**(*role\_name*: *str*) → *None*

Add new role.

**Parameters**

**role\_name** (*str*) – role name. Components are separated by “/”.

**coroutine remove**(*role\_name*: *str*) → *None*

Remove existing role.

**Parameters**

**role\_name** (*str*) – role name. Components are separated by “/”.

## Action

**class neuro\_sdk.Action**

*Enumeration* that describes granted rights.

Can be one of the following values:

**READ**

Read-only access.

**WRITE**

Read and write access.

**MANAGE**

Full access: read, write and change access mode are allowed.

## Share

**class neuro\_sdk.Share**

*Read-only dataclass* for describing objects shared with user.

**user**

User name of person who shared a resource.

**permission**

Share specification (*uri* and *action*), *Permission*.

## Permission

**class** neuro\_sdk.Permission

*Read-only dataclass for describing a resource.*

**uri**

*yaml.URL of resource, e.g. URL("storage:folder")*

**action**

*Access mode for resource, [Action](#) enumeration.*

## 3.2.8 Secrets API Reference

### Secrets

**class** neuro\_sdk.Secrets

*Secured secrets subsystems. Secrets can be passed as mounted files and environment variables into a running job.*

**async-with async-for list**(*cluster\_name: Optional[str] = None, org\_name: Optional[str] = None*) → *AsyncContextManager[AsyncIterator[Secret]]*

*List user's secrets, async iterator. Yields [Secret](#) instances.*

#### Parameters

- **cluster\_name** (*str*) – cluster to list secrets. Default is current cluster.
- **org\_name** (*str*) – org to list secrets. Default is current org.

**coroutine add**(*key: str, value: bytes, cluster\_name: Optional[str] = None, org\_name: Optional[str] = None*) → *None*

*Add a secret with name *key* and content *value*.*

#### Parameters

- **key** (*str*) – secret's name.
- **value** (*bytes*) – secret's value.
- **cluster\_name** (*str*) – cluster to create a secret. Default is current cluster.
- **org\_name** (*str*) – org to create a secrets. Default is current org.

**coroutine rm**(*key: str, cluster\_name: Optional[str] = None, org\_name: Optional[str] = None*) → *None*

*Delete a secret *key*.*

#### Parameters

- **key** (*str*) – secret's name.
- **cluster\_name** (*str*) – cluster to look for a secret. Default is current cluster.
- **org\_name** (*str*) – org to look for a secrets. Default is current org.

## Secret

**class** neuro\_sdk.Secret

*Read-only dataclass for describing secret instance.*

**key**

The secret key, *str*.

**owner**

The secret owner username, *str*.

**cluster\_name**

Cluster secret resource belongs to, *str*.

**org\_name**

Org secret resource belongs to, *str* or *None* if there is no such org.

**uri**

URI of the secret resource, *yaml.URL*.

## 3.2.9 Disks API Reference

### Disks

**class** neuro\_sdk.Disks

Persistent disks subsystems. Disks can be passed as mounted volumes into a running job.

**async-for list**(*cluster\_name: Optional[str] = None*) → AsyncContextManager[AsyncIterator[Disk]]

List user's disks, async iterator. Yields *Disk* instances.

**Parameters**

**cluster\_name** (*str*) – cluster to list disks. Default is current cluster.

**coroutine create**(*storage: int, life\_span: Optional[datetime.timedelta], name: Optional[str], cluster\_name: Optional[str] = None, org\_name: Optional[str] = None*) → *Disk*

Create a disk with capacity of *storage* bytes.

**Parameters**

- **storage** (*int*) – storage capacity in bytes.
- **life\_span** (*Optional[datetime.timedelta]*) – Duration of no usage after which disk will be deleted. *None* means no limit.
- **name** (*Optional[str]*) – Name of the disk. Should be unique among all user's disk.
- **cluster\_name** (*str*) – cluster to create a disk. Default is current cluster.
- **org\_name** (*str*) – org to create a disk. Default is current org.

**Returns**

Newly created disk info (*Disk*)

**coroutine get**(*disk\_id\_or\_name: str, cluster\_name: Optional[str] = None*) → *Disk*

Get a disk with id or name *disk\_id\_or\_name*.

**Parameters**

- **disk\_id\_or\_name** (*str*) – disk's id or name.

- **cluster\_name** (*str*) – cluster to look for a disk. Default is current cluster.

**Returns**

Disk info (*Disk*)

**coroutine** **rm**(*disk\_id\_or\_name: str*, *cluster\_name: Optional[str] = None*) → *None*

Delete a disk with id or name *disk\_id\_or\_name*.

**Parameters**

- **disk\_id\_or\_name** (*str*) – disk’s id or name.
- **cluster\_name** (*str*) – cluster to look for a disk. Default is current cluster.

## Disk

**class** `neuro_sdk.Disk`

*Read-only* dataclass for describing persistent disk instance.

**id**

The disk id, *str*.

**storage**

The disk capacity, in bytes, *int*.

**used\_bytes**

The amount of used bytes on disk, *int* or *None* if this information is not available. Note that this field is updated periodically, so it can contain incorrect data.

**owner**

The disk owner username, *str*.

**name**

The disk name set by user, unique among all user’s disks, *str* or *None* if no name was set.

**status**

Current disk status, *Disk.Status*.

**uri**

URI of the disk resource, *yaml.URL*.

**cluster\_name**

Cluster disk resource belongs to, *str*.

**org\_name**

Org disk resource belongs to, *str* or *None* if there is no such org.

**created\_at**

Disk creation timestamp, *datetime*.

**last\_usage**

Timestamp when disk was last attached to job, *datetime* or *None* if disk was never used.

**timeout\_unused**

Max unused duration after which disk will be deleted by platform, *timedelta* or *None* if there is no limit.

## Disk.Status

### class Disk.Status

*Enumeration* that describes disk status.

Can be one of the following values:

#### PENDING

Disk is still creating. It can be attached to job, but job will not start until disk is created.

#### READY

Disk is created and ready to use.

#### BROKEN

Disk is broken and cannot be used anymore. Can happen if underneath storage device was destroyed.

## 3.2.10 ServiceAccounts API Reference

### ServiceAccounts

#### class neuro\_sdk.ServiceAccounts

Service accounts subsystems. Service accounts can be used to generate tokens that can be used in automated environments by third-party services.

**async-with async-for list()** → AsyncContextManager[AsyncIterator[*ServiceAccount*]]

List user's service accounts, async iterator. Yields *ServiceAccount* instances.

**coroutine create**(*name: Optional[str]*, *default\_cluster: Optional[str]*) → Tuple[*ServiceAccount*, str]

Create a service account.

#### Parameters

- **role** (*str*) – Authorization role to use for this service account.
- **default\_cluster** (*Optional[str]*) – Default cluster to embed into generated token. Defaults to current cluster.

#### Returns

Pair of newly created service account info and token. This is the only way to get token of a service account.

**coroutine get**(*id\_or\_name: str*) → *ServiceAccount*

Get a service account with id or name *id\_or\_name*.

#### Parameters

**id\_or\_name** (*str*) – service account's id or name.

#### Returns

Service account info (*ServiceAccount*)

**coroutine rm**(*id\_or\_name: str*) → None

Revoke and delete a service account with id or name *id\_or\_name*.

#### Parameters

**id\_or\_name** (*str*) – service account's id or name.

## ServiceAccount

**class** neuro\_sdk.ServiceAccount

*Read-only dataclass for describing service account instance.*

**id**

The service account id, *str*.

**role**

Authorization role this service account is based on.

**owner**

The service account owner username, *str*.

**name**

The service account name set by user, unique among all user's service accounts, *str* or *None* if no name was set.

**default\_cluster**

A default cluster that this service account uses after login, *str*.

**created\_at**

Service account creation timestamp, *datetime*.

**role\_deleted**

True if corresponding role was deleted, otherwise *False*.

## 3.2.11 Buckets API Reference

### Buckets

**class** neuro\_sdk.Buckets

Blob storage buckets subsystems, available as `Client.buckets`.

The subsystem helps take advantage of many basic functionality of Blob Storage solutions different cloud providers support. For AWS it would be S3, for GCP - Cloud Storage, etc.

**async-for list**(*cluster\_name: Optional[str] = None*) → AsyncContextManager[AsyncIterator[*Bucket*]]

List user's buckets, async iterator. Yields *Bucket* instances.

#### Parameters

**cluster\_name** (*str*) – cluster to list buckets. Default is current cluster.

**coroutine create**(*name: Optional[str]*, *cluster\_name: Optional[str] = None*, *org\_name: Optional[str] = None*) → *Bucket*

Create a new bucket.

#### Parameters

- **name** (*Optional[str]*) – Name of the bucket. Should be unique among all user's bucket.
- **cluster\_name** (*str*) – cluster to create a bucket. Default is current cluster.
- **org\_name** (*str*) – org to create a bucket. Default is current org.

#### Returns

Newly created bucket info (*Bucket*)

```
coroutine import_external(provider: Bucket.Provider, provider_bucket_name: str, credentials:  
    Mapping[str, str], name: Optional[str] = None, cluster_name: Optional[str]  
    = None, org_name: Optional[str] = None) → Bucket
```

Import a new bucket.

#### Parameters

- **provider** ([Bucket.Provider](#)) – Provider type of imported bucket.
- **provider\_bucket\_name** (*str*) – Name of external bucket inside the provider.
- **credentials** (*Mapping*[*str*, *str*]) – Raw credentials to access bucket provider.
- **name** (*Optional*[*str*]) – Name of the bucket. Should be unique among all user's bucket.
- **cluster\_name** (*str*) – cluster to import a bucket. Default is current cluster.
- **org\_name** (*str*) – org to import a bucket. Default is current org.

#### Returns

Newly imported bucket info ([Bucket](#))

```
coroutine get(bucket_id_or_name: str, cluster_name: Optional[str] = None, bucket_owner: Optional[str]  
    = None) → Bucket
```

Get a bucket with id or name *bucket\_id\_or\_name*.

#### Parameters

- **bucket\_id\_or\_name** (*str*) – bucket's id or name.
- **cluster\_name** (*str*) – cluster to look for a bucket. Default is current cluster.
- **bucket\_owner** (*str*) – bucket owner's username. Used only if looking up for bucket by it's name. Default is current user.

#### Returns

Bucket info ([Bucket](#))

```
coroutine rm(bucket_id_or_name: str, cluster_name: Optional[str] = None, bucket_owner: Optional[str] =  
    None) → None
```

Delete a bucket with id or name *bucket\_id\_or\_name*.

#### Parameters

- **bucket\_id\_or\_name** (*str*) – bucket's id or name.
- **cluster\_name** (*str*) – cluster to look for a bucket. Default is current cluster.
- **bucket\_owner** (*str*) – bucket owner's username. Used only if looking up for bucket by it's name. Default is current user.

```
coroutine request_tmp_credentials(bucket_id_or_name: str, cluster_name: Optional[str] = None,  
    bucket_owner: Optional[str] = None) → BucketCredentials
```

Get a temporary provider credentials to bucket with id or name *bucket\_id\_or\_name*.

#### Parameters

- **bucket\_id\_or\_name** (*str*) – bucket's id or name.
- **cluster\_name** (*str*) – cluster to look for a bucket. Default is current cluster.
- **bucket\_owner** (*str*) – bucket owner's username. Used only if looking up for bucket by it's name. Default is current user.

**Returns**

Bucket credentials info ([BucketCredentials](#))

**coroutine** `set_public_access(bucket_id_or_name: str, public_access: bool, cluster_name: Optional[str] = None, bucket_owner: Optional[str] = None) → Bucket`

Enable or disable public (anonymous) read access to bucket.

**Parameters**

- **bucket\_id\_or\_name** ([str](#)) – bucket’s id or name.
- **public\_access** ([str](#)) – New public access setting.
- **cluster\_name** ([str](#)) – cluster to look for a bucket. Default is current cluster.
- **bucket\_owner** ([str](#)) – bucket owner’s username. Used only if looking up for bucket by it’s name. Default is current user.

**Returns**

Bucket info ([Bucket](#))

**coroutine** `head_blob(bucket_id_or_name: str, key: str, cluster_name: Optional[str] = None, bucket_owner: Optional[str] = None) → BucketEntry`

Look up the blob and return it’s metadata.

**Parameters**

- **bucket\_id\_or\_name** ([str](#)) – bucket’s id or name.
- **key** ([str](#)) – key of the blob.
- **cluster\_name** ([str](#)) – cluster to look for a bucket. Default is current cluster.
- **bucket\_owner** ([str](#)) – bucket owner’s username. Used only if looking up for bucket by it’s name. Default is current user.

**Returns**

[BucketEntry](#) object.

**Raises**

`ResourceNotFound` if key does not exist.

**coroutine** `put_blob(bucket_id_or_name: str, key: str, body: Union[AsyncIterator[bytes], bytes], cluster_name: Optional[str] = None, bucket_owner: Optional[str] = None, ) → None`

Create or replace blob identified by **key** in the bucket, e.g:

```
large_file = Path("large_file.dat")
size = large_file.stat().st_size
file_md5 = await calc_md5(large_file)

async def body_stream():
    with large_file.open("r") as f:
        for line in f:
            yield f

await client.buckets.put_blob(
    bucket_id_or_name="my_bucket",
    key="large_file.dat",
    body=body_stream,
)
```



### Parameters

- **bucket\_id\_or\_name** (*str*) – bucket's id or name.
- **key** (*str*) – Key of the blob.
- **body** (*bytes*) – Body of the blob. Can be passed as either *bytes* or as an *AsyncIterator[bytes]*.
- **cluster\_name** (*str*) – cluster to look for a bucket. Default is current cluster.
- **bucket\_owner** (*str*) – bucket owner's username. Used only if looking up for bucket by it's name. Default is current user.

**coroutine fetch\_blob**(*bucket\_id\_or\_name: str, key: str, offset: int = 0, cluster\_name: Optional[str] = None, bucket\_owner: Optional[str] = None*) → *AsyncIterator[bytes]*

Look up the blob and return it's body content only. The content will be streamed using an asynchronous iterator, e.g.:

```
async with client.buckets.fetch_blob("my_bucket", key="file.txt") as content:
    async for data in content:
        print("Next chunk of data:", data)
```

### Parameters

- **bucket\_id\_or\_name** (*str*) – bucket's id or name.
- **key** (*str*) – Key of the blob.
- **offset** (*int*) – Position in blob from which to read.
- **cluster\_name** (*str*) – cluster to look for a bucket. Default is current cluster.
- **bucket\_owner** (*str*) – bucket owner's username. Used only if looking up for bucket by it's name. Default is current user.

**coroutine delete\_blob**(*bucket\_id\_or\_name: str, key: str, cluster\_name: Optional[str] = None, bucket\_owner: Optional[str] = None*) → *None*

Remove blob from the bucket.

### Parameters

- **bucket\_id\_or\_name** (*str*) – bucket's id or name.
- **key** (*str*) – key of the blob.
- **cluster\_name** (*str*) – cluster to look for a bucket. Default is current cluster.
- **bucket\_owner** (*str*) – bucket owner's username. Used only if looking up for bucket by it's name. Default is current user.

**coroutine list\_blobs**(*uri: URL, recursive: bool = False, limit: int = 10000*) → *AsyncContextManager[AsyncIterator[BucketEntry]]*

List blobs in the bucket. You can filter by prefix and return results similar to a folder structure if *recursive=False* is provided.

### Parameters

- **uri** (*URL*) – URL that specifies bucket and prefix to list blobs, e.g. `yar1.URL("blob:bucket_name/path/in/bucket")`.

- **bool** (*recursive*) – If `True` listing will contain *all* keys filtered by prefix, while with `False` only ones up to next / will be returned. To indicate missing keys, all that were listed will be combined under a common prefix and returned as `BlobCommonPrefix`.
- **int** (*limit*) – Maximum number of `BucketEntry` objects returned.

**coroutine** `glob_blobs(uri: URL) → AsyncContextManager[AsyncIterator[BucketEntry]]`

Glob search for blobs in the bucket:

```
async with client.buckets.glob_blobs(  
    uri=URL("blob:my_bucket/folder1/**/*.*.txt")  
) as blobs:  
    async for blob in blobs:  
        print(blob.key)
```

Similar to `Storage.glob()` the `***` pattern means “this directory and all sub-directories, recursively”.

#### Parameters

**uri** (`URL`) – URL that specifies bucket and pattern to glob blobs, e.g. `yarl.URL("blob:bucket_name/path/**/*.*.bin")`.

**coroutine** `upload_file(src: URL, dst: URL, *, update: bool = False, progress: Optional[AbstractFileProgress] = None) → None:`

Similarly to `Storage.upload_file()`, allows to upload local file `src` to bucket URL `dst`.

#### Parameters

- **src** (`URL`) – path to uploaded file on local disk, e.g. `yarl.URL("file:///home/andrew/folder/file.txt")`.
- **dst** (`URL`) – URL that specifies bucket and key to upload file e.g. `yarl.URL("blob:bucket_name/folder/file.txt")`.
- **update** (`bool`) – if true, upload only when the source file is newer than the destination file or when the destination file is missing.
- **progress** (`AbstractFileProgress`) – a callback interface for reporting uploading progress, `None` for no progress report (default).

**coroutine** `download_file(src: URL, dst: URL, *, update: bool = False, continue_: bool = False, progress: Optional[AbstractFileProgress] = None) → None:`

Similarly to `Storage.download_file()`, allows to download remote file `src` to local path `dst`.

#### Parameters

- **src** (`URL`) – URL that specifies bucket and blob key to download e.g. `yarl.URL("blob:bucket_name/folder/file.bin")`.
- **dst** (`URL`) – local path to save downloaded file, e.g. `yarl.URL("file:///home/andrew/folder/file.bin")`.
- **update** (`bool`) – if true, download only when the source file is newer than the destination file or when the destination file is missing.
- **continue** (`bool`) – if true, download only the part of the source file past the end of the destination file and append it to the destination file if the destination file is newer and not longer than the source file. Otherwise download and overwrite the whole file.
- **progress** (`AbstractFileProgress`) – a callback interface for reporting downloading progress, `None` for no progress report (default).

```
coroutine upload_dir(src: URL, dst: URL, *, update: bool = False, filter: Optional[Callable[[str], Awaitable[bool]]] = None, ignore_file_names: AbstractSet[str] = frozenset(), progress: Optional[AbstractRecursiveFileProgress] = None) → None:
```

Similarly to `Storage.upload_dir()`, allows to recursively upload local directory `src` to Blob Storage URL `dst`.

#### Parameters

- **src** (URL) – path to uploaded directory on local disk, e.g. `yaml.URL("file:///home/andrew/folder")`.
- **dst** (URL) – path on Blob Storage for saving uploading directory e.g. `yaml.URL("blob:bucket_name/folder/")`.
- **update** (bool) – if true, download only when the source file is newer than the destination file or when the destination file is missing.
- **filter** (Callable[[str], Awaitable[bool]]) – a callback function for determining which files and subdirectories be uploaded. It is called with a relative path of file or directory and if the result is false the file or directory will be skipped.
- **ignore\_file\_names** (AbstractSet[str]) – a set of names of files which specify filters for skipping files and subdirectories. The format of ignore files is the same as `.gitignore`.
- **progress** (AbstractRecursiveFileProgress) – a callback interface for reporting uploading progress, `None` for no progress report (default).

```
coroutine download_dir(src: URL, dst: URL, *, update: bool = False, continue_: bool = False, filter: Optional[Callable[[str], Awaitable[bool]]] = None, progress: Optional[AbstractRecursiveFileProgress] = None) → None:
```

Similarly to `Storage.download_dir()`, allows to recursively download remote directory `src` to local path `dst`.

#### Parameters

- **src** (URL) – path on Blob Storage to download a directory from e.g. `yaml.URL("blob:bucket_name/folder/")`.
- **dst** (URL) – local path to save downloaded directory, e.g. `yaml.URL("file:///home/andrew/folder")`.
- **update** (bool) – if true, download only when the source file is newer than the destination file or when the destination file is missing.
- **continue** (bool) – if true, download only the part of the source file past the end of the destination file and append it to the destination file if the destination file is newer and not longer than the source file. Otherwise download and overwrite the whole file.
- **filter** (Callable[[str], Awaitable[bool]]) – a callback function for determining which files and subdirectories be downloaded. It is called with a relative path of file or directory and if the result is false the file or directory will be skipped.
- **progress** (AbstractRecursiveFileProgress) – a callback interface for reporting downloading progress, `None` for no progress report (default).

```
coroutine blob_is_dir(uri: URL) → bool
```

Check weather `uri` specifies a “folder” blob in a bucket.

#### Parameters

- **src** (URL) – URL that specifies bucket and blob key e.g. `yaml.URL("blob:bucket_name/folder/sub_folder")`.

**coroutine** `blob_rm(uri: URL, *, recursive: bool = False, progress: Optional[AbstractDeleteProgress] = None) → None`

Remove blobs from bucket.

#### Parameters

- **uri** (*URL*) – URL that specifies bucket and blob key e.g. `yar1.URL("blob:bucket_name/folder/sub_folder")`.
- **recursive** (*bool*) – remove a directory recursively with all nested files and folders if True (False by default).
- **progress** (*AbstractDeleteProgress*) – a callback interface for reporting delete progress, None for no progress report (default).

#### Raises

*IsADirectoryError* if *uri* points on a directory and *recursive* flag is not set.

**coroutine** `make_signed_url(uri: URL, expires_in_seconds: int = 3600) → URL`

Generate a signed url that allows temporary access to blob.

#### Parameters

- **uri** (*URL*) – URL that specifies bucket and blob key e.g. `yar1.URL("blob:bucket_name/folder/file.bin")`.
- **expires\_in\_seconds** (*int*) – Duration in seconds generated url will be valid.

#### Returns

Signed url (*yar1.URL*)

**coroutine** `get_disk_usage(bucket_id_or_name: str, cluster_name: Optional[str] = None, bucket_owner: Optional[str] = None) → AsyncContextManager[AsyncIterator[BucketUsage]]`

Get disk space usage of a given bucket. Iterator yield partial results as calculation for the whole bucket can take time.

#### Parameters

- **bucket\_id\_or\_name** (*str*) – bucket's id or name.
- **cluster\_name** (*str*) – cluster to look for a bucket. Default is current cluster.
- **bucket\_owner** (*str*) – bucket owner's username. Used only if looking up for bucket by it's name. Default is current user.

**async-for** `persistent_credentials_list(cluster_name: Optional[str] = None) → AsyncContextManager[AsyncIterator[PersistentBucketCredentials]]`

List user's bucket persistent credentials, async iterator. Yields *PersistentBucketCredentials* instances.

#### Parameters

**cluster\_name** (*str*) – cluster to list persistent credentials. Default is current cluster.

**coroutine** `persistent_credentials_create(bucket_ids: Iterable[str], name: Optional[str], read_only: Optional[bool] = False, cluster_name: Optional[str] = None) → PersistentBucketCredentials`

Create a new persistent credentials for given set of buckets.

#### Parameters

- **bucket\_ids** (*Iterable[str]*) – Iterable of bucket ids to create credentials for.

- **name** (*Optional[str]*) – Name of the persistent credentials. Should be unique among all user’s bucket persistent credentials.
- **read\_only** (*str*) – Allow only read-only access using created credentials. False by default.
- **cluster\_name** (*str*) – cluster to create a persistent credentials. Default is current cluster.

**Returns**

Newly created credentials info (*PersistentBucketCredentials*)

**coroutine persistent\_credentials\_get**(*credential\_id\_or\_name: str, cluster\_name: Optional[str] = None*) → *PersistentBucketCredentials*

Get a persistent credentials with id or name *credential\_id\_or\_name*.

**Parameters**

- **credential\_id\_or\_name** (*str*) – persistent credentials’s id or name.
- **cluster\_name** (*str*) – cluster to look for a persistent credentials. Default is current cluster.

**Returns**

Credentials info (*PersistentBucketCredentials*)

**coroutine persistent\_credentials\_rm**(*credential\_id\_or\_name: str, cluster\_name: Optional[str] = None*) → *None*

Delete a persistent credentials with id or name *credential\_id\_or\_name*.

**Parameters**

- **credential\_id\_or\_name** (*str*) – persistent credentials’s id or name.
- **cluster\_name** (*str*) – cluster to look for a persistent credentials. Default is current cluster.

## Bucket

**class neuro\_sdk.Bucket**

*Read-only dataclass for describing single bucket.*

**id**

The bucket id, *str*.

**owner**

The bucket owner username, *str*.

**name**

The bucket name set by user, unique among all user’s buckets, *str* or *None* if no name was set.

**uri**

URI of the bucket resource, *yaml.URL*.

**cluster\_name**

Cluster this bucket belongs to, *str*.

**org\_name**

Org this bucket belongs to, *str* or *None* if there is no such org.

**created\_at**

Bucket creation timestamp, `datetime`.

**provider**

Blob storage provider this bucket belongs to, `Bucket.Provider`.

**BucketCredentials****class neuro\_sdk.BucketCredentials**

*Read-only* dataclass for describing credentials to single bucket.

**bucket\_id**

The bucket id, `str`.

**provider**

Blob storage provider this bucket belongs to, `Bucket.Provider`.

**credentials**

Raw credentials to access a bucket inside the provider, `Mapping[str, str]`

**Bucket.Provider****class Bucket.Provider**

*Enumeration* that describes bucket providers.

Can be one of the following values:

**AWS**

Amazon Web Services S3 bucket

**MINIO**

Minio S3 bucket

**AZURE**

Azure blob storage container

**PersistentBucketCredentials****class neuro\_sdk.PersistentBucketCredentials**

*Read-only* dataclass for describing persistent credentials to some set of buckets created after user request.

**id**

The credentials id, `str`.

**owner**

The credentials owner username, `str`.

**name**

The credentials name set by user, unique among all user's bucket credentials, `str` or `None` if no name was set.

**read\_only**

The credentials provide read-only access to buckets, `bool`.

**cluster\_name**

Cluster this credentials belongs to, `str`.

**credentials**

List of per bucket credentials, `List[BucketCredentials]`

**BucketEntry****class neuro\_sdk.BucketEntry**

An abstract class `dataclass` for describing bucket contents entries.

**key**

Key of the blob, `str`.

**bucket**

Containing bucket, `Bucket`.

**size**

Size of the data in *bytes*, `int`.

**created\_at**

Blob creation timestamp, `datetime` or `None` if underlying blob engine do not store such information

**modified\_at**

Blob modification timestamp, `datetime` or `None` if underlying blob engine do not store such information

**uri**

URI identifying the blob, `URL`, e.g. `blob://cluster_name/username/my_bucket/file.txt`.

**name**

Name of blob, part of key after last `/`, `str`

**is\_dir(uri: URL) → bool**

True if entry is directory blob object

**is\_file(uri: URL) → bool**

True if entry is file blob object

**BlobObject****class neuro\_sdk.BlobObject**

An ancestor of `BucketEntry` used for key that are present directly in underlying blob storage.

**BlobCommonPrefix****class neuro\_sdk.BlobCommonPrefix**

An ancestor of `BucketEntry` for describing common prefixes for blobs in non-recursive listing. You can treat it as a kind of *folder* on Blob Storage.

## BucketUsage

**class** neuro\_sdk.BucketUsage

An dataclass for describing bucket disk space usage.

**total\_bytes**

Total size of all objects in bytes, `int`.

**object\_count**

Total number of objects, `int`.

## 3.2.12 Parser Reference

### Parser

**class** neuro\_sdk.Parser

A set of parsing helpers, useful for building helper dataclasses from string representations.

**volume**(*volume: str*) → *Volume*

Parse *volume* string into *Volume* object.

The string is a three fields separated by colon characters (:):  
<storage-uri:container-path[:ro]>.

*storage-uri* is a URL on local storage, e.g. `storage:folder` points on <user-root>/folder directory.

*container-path* is a path inside a job where *storage-url* is mounted.

Optional *ro* means that *storage-url* is mounted in *read-only* mode. Writable mode is used if *ro* is omitted.

**Raise**

`ValueError` if *volume* has invalid format.

**local\_image**(*image: str*) → *LocalImage*

Parse *image* string into *LocalImage*.

The string should fit to the following pattern: `name[:tag]`, e.g. `"ubuntu:latest"`.

**Raise**

`ValueError` if *image* has invalid format.

**remote\_image**(*image: str*) → *RemoteImage*

Parse *image* string into *RemoteImage*.

The string should fit to `name[:tag]` or `image:name[:tag]` patterns, e.g. `"ubuntu:latest"` or `image:my-image:latest`. The former is used for public [DockerHub](#) images, the later is for Neuro image registry.

**Raise**

`ValueError` if *image* has invalid format.

**envs**(*env: Sequence[str]*, *env\_file: Sequence[str] = ()*) → *EnvParseResult*

Parse a sequence of *env* variables and a sequence of *env\_file* file names.

**Parameters**

- **env** (*Sequence[str]*) – Sequence of *env* variable specification. Each element can be either:
  - `ENV_NAME`. Current system *env* variable value will be used. Defaults to empty string.
  - `ENV_NAME=VALUE`. Given value will be used.



- **env\_file** (*Sequence[str]*) – Sequence of `.env` files to use. File content processed same way as `env` parameter.

**Returns**

*EnvParseResult* with parsing result

**volumes**(*volume: Sequence[str]*) → *VolumeParseResult*

Parse a sequence of volume definition into a tuple of three mappings - first one for all regular volumes, second one for volumes using secrets and third for disk volumes.

**Parameters**

**env** (*Sequence[str]*) – Sequence of volumes specification. Each element can be either: - `STORAGE_URI:MOUNT_PATH:RW_FLAG`. - `SECRET_URI:MOUNT_PATH`. - `DISK_URI:MOUNT_PATH:RW_FLAG`.

**Returns**

*VolumeParseResult* with parsing result

**uri\_to\_str**(*uri: URL*) → *str*

Convert *URL* object into *str*.

**str\_to\_uri**(*uri: str, \*, allowed\_schemes: Iterable[str] = (), cluster\_name: Optional[str] = None, short: bool = False*) → *URL*

Parse a string into *normalized URL* for future usage by SDK methods.

**Parameters**

- **uri** (*str*) – an *URI* ('`storage:folder/file.txt`') or local file path ('`/home/user/folder/file.txt`') to parse.
- **allowed\_schemes** (*Iterable[str]*) – an *iterable* of accepted *URI* schemes, e.g. ('`file`', '`storage`'). No scheme check is performed by default.
- **cluster\_name** (*Optional[str]*) – optional cluster name, the default cluster is used if not specified.
- **short** (*bool*) – if `True`, return short *URL* (without cluster and user names if possible). `False` by default.

**Returns**

*URL* with parsed *URI*.

**Raises**

**ValueError** – if *uri* is invalid or provides a scheme not enumerated by *allowed\_schemes* argument.

**uri\_to\_path**(*uri: URL, \*, cluster\_name: Optional[str] = None*) → *Path*

Convert *URL* into *Path*.

**Raises**

**ValueError** – if *uri* has no '`file:`' scheme.

**path\_to\_uri**(*path: Path*) → *URL*

Convert *Path* object into *normalized URL* with '`file:`' scheme.

**Parameters**

**path** (*Path*) – a path to convert.

**Returns**

*URL* that represent a path.

**normalize\_uri**(*uri: URL, \*, allowed\_schemes: Iterable[str] = (), cluster\_name: Optional[str] = None, short: bool = False*) → *URL*

Normalize *uri* according to current user name, cluster and allowed schemes.

*Normalized* form has two variants:

1. Long form: cluster and user names are always present, e.g. `storage://cluster/user/dir/file.txt`.
2. Short form: cluster and user are omitted if they are equal to default values given from `client.config.cluster_name` and `client.config.username`, e.g. `storage:dir/file.txt`.

**Parameters**

- **uri** (*URL*) – an URI to normalize.
- **allowed\_schemes** (*Iterable[str]*) – an *iterable* of accepted URI schemes, e.g. ('file', 'storage'). No scheme check is performed by default.
- **cluster\_name** (*Optional[str]*) – optional cluster name, the default cluster is used if not specified.
- **short** (*bool*) – if True, return short URL (without cluster and user names if possible). False by default.

**Returns**

*URL* with normalized URI.

**Raises**

**ValueError** – if uri is invalid or provides a scheme not enumerated by allowed\_schemes argument.

## EnvParseResult

```
class neuro_sdk.EnvParseResult
```

**env**

Mapping of parsed environmental variables, Dict[str, str].

**secret\_env**

Mapping of parsed using secrets environmental variables, Dict[str, URL].

## VolumeParseResult

```
class neuro_sdk.VolumeParseResult
```

**volumes**

List of parsed regular volumes, Sequence[str].

**secret\_files**

List of parsed secret files, List[SecretFile].

**disk\_volumes**

List of parsed disk volumes, List[DiskVolume].

## 3.2.13 Plugins API Reference

### PluginManager

```
class neuro_sdk.PluginManager
```

Allows plugins to register their features. Provided to **neuro\_api** entrypoint (check <https://packaging.python.org/specifications/entry-points/> for more info about entry points).

**config**

Define new user config parameters *ConfigBuilder*.

## ConfigBuilder

### class neuro\_sdk.ConfigBuilder

Helper class that contains methods to define new user config variables (check [Config.get\\_user\\_config\(\)](#)).

**define\_int**(*section: str, name: str*) → None

Define new integer config parameter with given name in given section

**define\_bool**(*section: str, name: str*) → None

Define new *bool* config parameter with given name in given section

**define\_float**(*section: str, name: str*) → None

Define new float config parameter with given name in given section

**define\_str**(*section: str, name: str*) → None

Define new string config parameter with given name in given section

**define\_int\_list**(*section: str, name: str*) → None

Define new integer list config parameter with given name in given section

**define\_bool\_list**(*section: str, name: str*) → None

Define new *bool* list config parameter with given name in given section

**define\_str\_list**(*section: str, name: str*) → None

Define new string list config parameter with given name in given section

**define\_float\_list**(*section: str, name: str*) → None

Define new float list config parameter with given name in given section

## 3.2.14 Glossary

### CLI

Command line interface, a text interface program executed from a terminal (*bash, cmd.exe, PowerShell, zsh* etc.)

### tty

A mode when local terminal is connected to remote shell executed in a job. Any key pressed by user is sent to remote shell, any print to a screen from remote shell is displayed on local terminal.



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